

# Weekly RENO Gazette.

VOL. 3.

RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA, THURSDY, JANUARY 25, 1880.

NO. 40.

## Reno Weekly Gazette

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY  
L. L. FULTON.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:  
Daily, one year, by mail, \$5.00  
Weekly, one year, by mail, 2.50  
Daily delivered by carrier in Reno at 25 cent per week.

### A QUESTION OF PARTY POLICY.

In answer to an Ohio man who writes that he will subscribe if it is the intention of the paper to support the Republican nominee for President, *Harper's Weekly* goes over the whole ground. It says, "Under our political methods there are two stages in a canvass: the first is the discussion that precedes the nomination; the second, that which precedes the election. For the Presidential election of 1880 we are now only at the beginning of the first stage, and, as we have already said, the discussion ought to be full and frank and fair. We have ourselves been quoted as opposing the election of General Grant. But such opposition is as yet impossible, because he is not yet a candidate. The Republicans who are conspicuously mentioned for the nomination are General Grant, Secretary Sherman, Senator Blaine, and possibly Mr. Washburne, of Illinois. The supporters of General Grant are evidently disposed to carry their candidate with a whoop and halloo. But the expediency of a nomination depends upon the probabilities of election. The question is one of expediency, and no vehement advocate of the nomination of General Grant has yet answered the question why the arguments which are now urged for his nomination would not be equally applicable in 1884. If he were President for the third time, and the tradition of two terms were once overthrown, why might it not be said in 1884 still more cogently that he had greatly served the country, and ought to be again elected? Would not such apparently logical and reasonable action, to which the Constitution offers no bar, necessarily familiarize the public mind with a perpetual Presidency? Would not the impatience and disgust already felt by many with the increasing turmoil and excitement attendant upon the quadrennial election generate a disposition to dispense with such an election? Again, would not the same circumstances necessarily foster confidence in personal government, and encourage the feeling that this or that man is necessary to the peaceful continuance and administration of the government? And can any idea be more preposterous and dangerous? Once more, when the two-term tradition is gone, and some President of uncertain uprightness and patriotism, in full command of the patronage, should come to the end of the second term, would not a powerful restraint upon his ambition and resolution have been removed? There is a large and important class of Republicans, also, who attribute the rapid decline of Republican ascendancy in the country, to influences associated with the last Administration. They see that State after State was lost, that the Democrats gained the House, and that the result of the Presidential election was thrown into great doubt; while, on the other hand, they see that under an Administration which the most conspicuous supporters of General Grant have slandered and ridiculed, State after State has been recovered, specie payments have been resumed, dangerous financial schemes have been foiled, the Southern question has been placed upon its true basis, the most positive advances have been made in proving the practicability of administrative reform, and that the party prospects, which under the late Administration were almost totally obscured, are now bright and promising. Is it expedient to offer to them the only nomination which will arouse the keenest apprehensions

of a return to the situation which they detested, and which had well-nigh ruined the party? The election will be decided by the "Independent Republican" vote. Those votes could be united upon some Republican candidate, but can they be united upon General Grant? The demand for "a strong man" to hold the South in check is foolish or worse. It is not urged, of course, that General Grant as President could do what another Republican President could not do. It is not alleged that his personal character and ability are superior to those of other candidates for nomination. It is not asserted that his great public services have not been greatly acknowledged, for they have had the same national recognition as those of Washington."

### WHAT SHALL WE DO WITH OUR BOYS?

With the cities full of hoodlums and the country full of tramps, the above question becomes to every parent the most important one of his whole life. No political question, none of the dogmas of theology, nor problems of science, no loss of money or reputation can compare with it. The answer each one gives will either make his son a man, with all the dignity, self-respect and intelligence which that noble name implies, or a profane blackguard, and rum sucking loafer. No man can be indifferent to any experiment in this line, and we have devoted some space to a description of the way B. F. Leete handles the question. In a conversation he made the remark that his boys manifested no desire to come down town at night, and that they had not spent an evening on the streets since he had lived in Reno. The statement led the reporter to examine into the way the boys spent their time, and the result is given elsewhere. The man has no more important duty than to see that they are growing up right, and the future of this country depends upon his performing it properly.

### EDITORIAL NOTES.

Oregon and Washington Territory have just been visited by a terrible storm. At Umatilla the wind for a time attained a velocity of eighty miles an hour. All over the country, telegraph lines were blown down, fences destroyed and in some instances houses overturned. Many cattle were killed from falling barns and trees. Two men were reported to have been frozen to death on the N. P. R. R. Much damage was done at Salem, Oregon, where a portion of the roof of the State House was blown off. Seattle last week had the heaviest fall of snow on record there, the snow being four feet deep on a level, and falling at the rate of an inch and a half an hour at last accounts.

The story that a Kansas man had been killed by an aerolite proves untrue, and the *S. F. Bulletin* is heavily facetious over the little fiction and the subject of meteorites in general. Although compelled to acknowledge that the population of Kansas has been nothing diminished through meteoric agency during the past year, it is as well to remember that death from aerolites is not a thing unknown. Humboldt, in his *Cosmos*, gives dates and particulars of the deaths of three men from the fall of these mysterious missiles from the heavens.

Western Oregon is considered a wet country, but the shores of Puget Sound carry off the palm for moisture. The average yearly rainfall at Portland, Oregon is 55 inches, and that city is thought pretty damp. But now comes the official weather report for the past year from Port Townsend, W. T., where the rainfall of 1879 amounted to 136 inches, about seven times the mean rainfall at San Francisco, and

twenty times that of Nevada. Shades of Mackintosh! what a place Port Townsend must be for the sale of rubber goods.

Prof. W. F. Stewart, of Virginia City, has been exploring Maine and has become enthusiastic over the mineral resources of that state. From the Pine Tree State he writes as follows: "Actual developments have been made in so many widely separated mining localities in this state, that there is no longer the slightest room to doubt that Maine is not only rich in copper, lead, antimony, and other useful and valuable metals, but that her rugged breast contains exhaustless chambers of gold and silver."

The Virginia *Enterprise* has discovered that the Putes have a beautiful, poetic explanation of the cause of the solar eclipse. They say it is "the hand of God passing before the Sun." The Putes call an eclipse "yahick." The *Enterprise* points out that it is curious that the Chinese call the phenomenon by almost the same name—"yahick," and remarks that there are many resemblances between the Pute and the Chinese language.

The *Eureka Sentinel* says: The *Carson Tribune* is the only Republican journal in Nevada that openly opposes General Grant for a third term. The Deacon seems determined to fight it out on that line if it takes till the "ides" of November.

The *Reno Gazette* was the first paper on the Pacific coast to come to the front against Grant. The *Gazette* is opposed to Grant and Sharon, first, last and all the time.

C. Knust has resigned as trustee of the Agricultural Society, owing to the press of business of his own. The society is looking for the right man to fill his place. There is a chance for some ambitious politician to gain glory in Washoe county, by taking the position and filling it energetically. We suggest to the society that they elect some good man who wants an office this fall.

David Peyser, postmaster at the Summit, denies the reports circulated against him, that he took newspapers from the mails and used them for wrapping paper. It is certain that subscribers in his vicinity have missed their papers, but Mr. Peyser says that the missing papers never reached his office.

Rather the best horse story which has appeared for some time is that the steed of the Russian steppes bleeds himself every spring by biting a vein in his leg, and thus wards off any bad effects of the change from scant wintry provender to the full feed of the fresh, vernal grasses.

Despite the predictions of the wise, Edison's trial electric lights are burning brilliantly at Menlo Park, the only trouble so far having resulted from defects in the glass globes surrounding them. Edison is confident of ultimate and complete success.

Under the New Constitution of California, the directors of corporations are liable for the thefts of employees. This has made the trustees of mining companies exact bonds from the secretaries and other officers.

It seems a waste of money to pay jurors who cannot agree upon a verdict. Would not harmony and unanimity be promoted among jurymen by making payment conditional upon the finding of a verdict?

The Republican State Central Committee of California has appointed the 29th day of April for the Convention to meet in Sacramento and elect delegates to the National Convention.

Europe affords a fine field for the study of diplomacy, but the best ex-

hibition of it in this country is made when a barber effects the sale of a bottle of hair restorer.

A recent decision of the Supreme Court declares that a suit commenced, and an attachment served, on Sunday, or any legal holiday is valid and binding.

In Eastern Siberia, where the ground is constantly frozen to the depth of six hundred feet, is the town of Yakutsk, said to be the coldest in the world.

Who in the California Legislature is going to make a stand for lobbying, or any matter comes up for consideration?

These two items found side by side in the *Carson Appeal*, appear to indicate that the lecturer did not arrive in time:

The *Alta* wants the naturalization laws to apply to foreign born women as well as men. Why not?

Stock gambling is increasing in New York. A new mining stock board has been organized.

President Hayes is keeping a sharp eye on the Maine chance.

### Cure for Frozen Limbs.

In a communication to the *Salt Lake Tribune*, E. F. Munn, who claims to have had personal experience touching the matter upon which he writes, makes public the following as the most effective treatment in cases of frozen limbs:

"Place the feet, boots and all, in a tub or barrel of cold water. As soon as the boots and socks are thawed out, remove them and keep the feet in fresh water, as the first water itself will freeze, even if the patient is in a warm room. Take plenty of warm drinks internally—all the better if it is brandy; if they take enough to intoxicate, so much the better, as the pain of keeping the feet in water is excruciating. By this process the internal parts thaw first, and the extremities last. If every portion of the feet are frozen, it is necessary to keep the feet in water until every appearance of frost has disappeared. If taken out too soon, it will leave the toes partly frozen.

For preventing snow blindness the best of all precautions is to wear a veil—I mean a lady's veil, one of the green color is best—tied around the outside of the hat. Of all things avoid goggles, for the reflection of the sun upon the snow will burn the eyes blind."

### The Law of Leap Year.

Leap year makes no change in the maturity of a note of hand. Paper dated Feb. 28, 1880, payable one day from date, becomes due March 1, the same as in any other year. In Indiana the question has come before the Supreme Court in respect to the serving of process of 1876, the last previous leap year. The law there requires ten days' previous service for the entry of judgment. In the case before the court the judgment was premature if the 28th and 29th of February were computed as one day. The court said: "It must be regarded as settled in this state that the 28th and 29th of February in every bissextile year must be computed and considered in law as one day."

### A Split in a Methodist Church.

Mr. Frost is a temperance revivalist. He wished to hold meetings in the Methodist church at Phillipsburg, N. J., but the trustees feared that bunnies would soil the new carpet with tobacco juice, and only gave the use of the bare-floored lecture room. Frost thereupon hired a public hall, and soon got a temperance revival successfully under way. He spoke bitterly of the Methodist trustees as enemies of the temperance cause, and in this warfare was joined by the church's pastor, the Rev. Mr. Lockwood. The strife has split the congregation; the trustees are trying to turn out the pastor, the pastor is trying to turn out the trustees, and the quarrel has been carried to the district Conference.

For Lame Back, Side or Chest use SHI LOH'S POROUS PLASTER. Price, 25 cts. sold by Osburn & Shoemaker, Druggists, Reno, Nevada. nov 3 m f

### PACIFIC COAST

There are now two hose carts and 1,000 feet of fire hose in Bodie.

The Putes say of catfish: "All same Chinamen; got tail on head."

The Scorpion shaft is down 440 feet. The rock is growing harder, but still works well.

Two hundred and fifty Chinamen in the placer mines at Warren, Idaho. They have paid over \$40,000 for claims.

A plot concocted by a prisoner named Irwin, to burn the prison at San Quentin, has been discovered and frustrated.

A Young Santa Rosa who attended the Leap-year party at Petaluma, said it was a splendid affair and the ladies behaved like perfect gentlemen.

It is estimated that there are over 250,000 sheep between Deer creek and Kern river. Contracts are being made for spring wool at 22 to 23 cents per pound.

Papague squaws "pack" on their backs a large amount of the hay used in Tucson, Arizona. It is put up in bundles weighing 25 pounds each, and sells for 50 cents per bundle.

L. P. Drexler, of Virginia City, a large stock-holder in the Sierra Nevada, is in San Francisco, examining the books of that corporation to see where all the assessment money has gone to.

A similar disease to diphtheria is causing from four to six deaths a day in Deadwood and the immediate vicinity. Adults, as well as children, are stricken, and the bad weather is likely to increase the death rate.

Three Chinamen who have been conducting a lottery in Napa have come to grief. They were arrested, tried and fined \$70 each, or \$210 in all, \$60 of which were paid in ten cent pieces.

The raffle for the celebrated Morgan stallion took place at Oroville last Wednesday, and was won by No. 478, held by Thomas Johnson. He was offered \$300 for the horse immediately afterwards.

Gen Kittrell, in attempting to reach Bodie, had rather a hard time of it. His sleigh broke down, his team ran away, and he wandered about twelve hours in the snow before he could reach a cabin.

Last week Anton Rose, ditch tender for the Sterling Company, Southern Oregon, became thoroughly saturated with water while attending to his duties, and before he could reach one of the cabins he was frozen stiff and nearly perished.

At Walla Walla, W. T., last Monday night, while the teachers and pupils were at the City Hall enjoying the festival, some one went through the building and robbed the school children of all their pocket money. The total proceeds of the enterprise were about \$20.

The town of Palisade was never so dull as at present. It seems to have lost all life, with nothing to enliven it but the arrival and departure of the trains. Business is dead, and the people are despondent over its prospects.

The *Eureka Leader* says that "Red Mike," the slayer of Patrick Leonard, who escaped from jail in November last, was seen and recognized in Eureka two weeks ago. He had some friends who bought him a horse and outfit, and he left, ostensibly bound for Arizona.

The Suto tunnel workmen, says the *Enterprise*, have been trying their hand at "lightning" work during the past week, and can now "go up to the head." They shoved the north lateral drift through a distance of 139 feet during the week ending at noon yesterday. This is but a little less than 20 feet per day, and is the biggest work ever done on the Comstock.

Mr. Hazelton, a resident of Cottonwood, California, came across a camp of Chinamen who were cutting lumber, and who were excited over the discovery in a hollow tree of thirteen rattlesnakes, varying in size from one to three feet, which had sought the hollow tree as a place of security for the winter. A number were killed at once and their rattles secured as trophies.

SAN BERNARDINO, January 15th.—While Sheriff Davis was bringing the negro prisoner, Trent, who burglarized the store of F. C. Suhr, and afterwards set fire to the building, and was caught sometime ago in San Francisco, the negro jumped from the cars when under full speed, about 12 miles from Colton. The train was stopped and a diligent search made, but without success.

### LOCUSTS IN RUSSIA

An Army Stopped by a Multitude of Locusts—And Delayed Several Days.

#### From the Boys' Own Paper.

A detachment of Russian troops, bound for General Lazareff's expedition against the Turcomans, met with a curious misadventure near the Georgian town of Elizavetopol. At a few versts from the town the soldiers encountered the wing of an army of locusts, reputed to be twenty miles in length and broad in proportion. The officer in charge did not like to turn back, repelled by mere insects, and, pushing on, soon became surrounded by the locusts. These appear to have mistaken the soldiers for trees and swarmed by thousands around them, "crawling over their bodies, lodging themselves inside their helmets, penetrating their clothes and their knapsacks, filling the barrels of their rifles, and striving to force themselves into the unfortunate men's ears and noses." The commander gave the order for the troops to push on double-quick for Elizavetopol, but the road was so blocked with locusts that the soldiers grew frightened, and, after wavering a few minutes

#### A REGULAR STAMPEDE TOOK PLACE.

Led by a non-commissioned officer of keen vision, who had observed a few huts a short distance from the road, the troops dashed across the fields, "slipping about over the crushed and greasy bodies of the locusts as though they had been on ice." The huts were soon reached, and the officers rushed inside, but the refuge proved to be of little value, as the premises were already in the possession of the enemy. The peasants told the correspondent of the *Kavkas* that for days they had been besieged by the vermin, the insects filling the wells and tainting the water, crowding into the ovens and spoiling the bread and preventing any food being cooked or stored. At intervals the villagers issued from their houses and made onslaughts on the locusts, killing them by thousands, and carting them away afterward to the fields for manure. The soldiers were detained prisoners by the insects for forty-eight hours, and on their march to Elizavetopol in the rear of the locust army, they found every blade of grass and green leaf destroyed and the peasants reduced to beggary.

### TRUCKEE RIVER ITEMS.

#### From our own Correspondent.

E. W. Peers has succeeded J. C. Smith as agent at Bronco. Mr. Peers comes from Fresno. Mr. Smith has moved to Reno.

The Pacific Shingle company will start up about the middle of February. They expect a big year's business and are preparing to cut 12,000,000 this year.

The Pacific Lumber Co. is putting up a handsome lodging house at Clinton. The same company is getting out logs and hauling them on the snow to the railroad.

Most of the new contracts let by the railroad company specify that the trees must be cut in January, February and March, when the sap is down, to prevent the loss of the bark, which makes quite an item in a year's supply.

The impression has become prevalent among the woodmen along the river, that the railroad company intended to change the grades in their engines and burn coal instead of wood, between Truckee and Wadsworth. Mr. Talbot, fuel agent, writes that there will be no change before fall if there is then.

There will be about thirty thousand cords of wood cut on the East side this year. Sisson & Wallace have one order for 8,000 cords and somebody says another for 12,000, making 20,000 all told. Ellen has 4,000 to cut, Champion 5,000 or 6,000, Wicks 2,000, Wallace 1,000, Fong Lee 2,500 and others small amounts. Prices range from \$3 33 to \$3 75.

#### Forewarned! Forewarned.

Physicians and invalids use with confidence The Kaiser's Elixir for consumption and throat and lung diseases. It is rich in the medicinal qualities of tar, wild cherry, etc. Is rendered perfectly harmless to the youngest child. This would have proved an Angel of Mercy in the household of those unhappy parents of Valjejo, Dixon, Beaver, Utah, and numerous other places, whose children were slaughtered by a quick medicine recommended by its owner to cure croup, possessing no properties to cure it, but instead a deadly drug which has slain its thousands. Be sure you get only German Elixir. The genuine bears the Prussian coat of arms and the fac simile signature of Dr. Kaiser. Samples at all drug stores. Large size, 75 cents. CHAS. LANGLEY & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Sole Agents. 0660w



## IS IT GOOD JOURNALISM?

Considerable effort has been made to keep the newspapers from reporting the proceedings in the suit of Lake vs. Lake, now pending before Judge King. With the GAZETTE all the efforts have been unsuccessful. A reporter has been in attendance, with instructions to give a fair, unbiased report of the whole matter. He has made copious notes, and instead of misrepresenting either the plaintiff or defendant in any particular, he has several times softened the language and drawn the sting. The evidence is very naturally distasteful to the defendant, and his sensibilities are much wounded, but the newspaper which publishes a true account of such a matter, is not to blame for the sufferings inflicted, any more than the air which conveys the words of the witnesses to listeners on the benches. It is very painful to read that a friend has fallen into the river and been drowned, but it is the water, and not the newspaper, which inflicts the cruel blow. The defendant, in such a case as this, is at a great disadvantage; the evidence against him is always very pointed, and usually very damaging, and his testimony must necessarily be of a negative character. He may be accused of brutality and cruelty, and the witnesses may particularize, and emphasize and make a startling and exciting display on their side, while his only method is the very tame and uninteresting one of disproving the statements. With all this, a newspaper has nothing to do. The people who would attend the sittings of the court if they could, but are not able to do so, look to the papers for a report which they have a perfect right to expect. The GAZETTE simply aims to fill its mission of a faithful public journal, and give the news just as it happens, without fear or favor. The case under consideration not only involves a large sum of money, but there are legal points to be met, which promise to render the case famous, and establish it as a precedent, and to fail to report it, would seem to us to be very bad journalism.

## ELECTRIC HORSE BREAKING.

A late number of the *Scientific American* contains a description of a new electric process for breaking horses and for controlling vicious animals, which is now in use in Paris. The system consists simply in the use of a small Clark apparatus contained in a box, which can easily be placed under the control of the coachman or rider. In the interior of the reins is a small metallic conducting wire, terminating at one end of the bit, and at the other in the magneto-electric apparatus. By turning the crank of the electro-magnet a current is induced, which, acting on the mouth of the horse, so surprises him that he stops and remains passive. "M. Defoy has recently brought before us," says the editor of *La Nature*, a dangerous horse, which after putting him to the gallop, he brought suddenly to a stand-still by turning the crank of the Clark apparatus placed on the seat of the carriage. It should be remarked that the result is not obtained by a violent shock, for the electric current is not strong enough to benumb the animal, but only sufficiently so to produce a sort of astonishment, and the disagreeable (although not painful) pricking sensation peculiar to electricity. As a compliment to his electric bit, M. Defoy has recently brought out what he styles an electric "stick," and which is no less ingenious than the former. This is a riding whip containing two conducting wires, insulated from each other by leather, and terminating in two points placed perpendicular to the end of the "stick." As in the former case, the other ends are connected with a magneto-electric apparatus. If a horse is in the habit of rearing, it is only necessary to urge him with the feet, at the same time applying the points of the electric "stick" to his shoulders, when he will at once more forward with his head downward. The same success will be had with a horse accustomed to wheel about.

## GRANT AND THE DIVER.

In the Grant pageant at Philadelphia a diver stood for hours, dressed and weighted as if about to descend into the sea. The strain upon him proved too much for his strength; he fell ill, and has since died. There is a certain resemblance between this diver and Grant himself. Loaded with honors and heaped with adulation, Grant has displayed himself too long before the people. Borne down beneath the weight of distinction he was not fitted to sustain, he is rapidly sinking to his political grave.

## A FEW IMPORTANT QUESTIONS.

The GAZETTE has by no means been indifferent to the disputes between the people of Nevada and the Central Pacific railroad. We have not been at all backward in saying that we believed hostile legislation and blind attacks would result in enormous injury to our state. If we are suffering injustice, we must understand where we are injured, and to what extent, before we can devise a remedy. To let blind malice or corrupt politics shape the policy of the government, would be to plunge our affairs into such a slough of despond as Kearney has those of California; as Potter did those of Wisconsin. As long as there is any other remedy untried, we should not appeal to force. While we have thus counseled those who have done us the honor to listen, we have tried to convince the company that it would pay to consider in every possible way, the interest and wishes of their patrons on this side of the mountains. We have explained, as have many others in Nevada, the grievances of our people, and the more we have studied and investigated, the more firmly we have been convinced there were exaggerations and misunderstandings, which, if explained, would leave a common ground upon which to meet amicably. Believing in free speech and the benefits of discussion, we addressed to the general freight agent of the Central Pacific, the following inquiries, in which we endeavored to formulate all the complaints we have heard. Mr. Stubbs has made a very lengthy, and to us, interesting reply to each one, which will be published in the GAZETTE on next Saturday, and in the weekly of next week. The complaints made are as follows:

1. It is charged that the rates of freight to this state are seriously damaging her material interests, and successfully militating against the interests of the road itself.
  2. That the rates of freight turn Eastern capital to Utah and Colorado and away from Nevada, and prevent the development of our resources.
  3. It is alleged that rates are higher to Reno and other Nevada points than to other communities, no more favorably situated.
  4. That we are charged more for merchandise from the East than the San Francisco merchants, although they are several hundred miles further from the shipping point.
  5. Are the charges which produce the earnings of the company fairly distributed among all the communities served by the railroad company? Is not Nevada taxed more than her share?
  6. That flour is taken from Sacramento at lower rates than from Reno to points on the road east of there?
  7. That farmers at Lovelocks find it cheaper to haul wheat to Reno than to ship it.
  8. The rates on hay from California to Winnemucca and points east, have been reduced to such an extent as to deprive Reno and Lovelocks producers of their natural market.
- It will be seen that we went to the root of the matter. It would be very strange if an officer like Mr. Stubbs and men like Mr. Towne, and their associates, had nothing to offer on their side of this question. If they did things wholly unjustifiable, as is charged by some of our contemporaries, we propose to let them speak for themselves, and let the people judge for themselves how far they can justify their actions.

## THE HAYDEN TRIAL.

The great Hayden trial is almost over. It has been one of the most remarkable ever prosecuted in the United States. The Rev. Mr. Hayden is the prisoner in the case, and he is accused of the murder of a girl named Mary Stannard. The trial is at New Haven, Conn. No less than twelve distinguished professors have been put upon the stand to give testimony as to the nature of arsenic and blood stains. Fifteen doctors figured among the witnesses, all of different opinions. They quarreled and wrangled over the stomach of the deceased.

"About a quarter of the physicians seemed to think that arsenic, whether taken into a dead or live stomach, would produce symptoms of inflammation; others thought not; others opined that it might do so if taken into a live stomach, but not if taken into a dead one, and others *sic* *versus*. All the doctors looked wise. Young practitioners hardly out of their medical swaddling clothes were among them, and their efforts to look as wise as their seniors were instructive and entertaining."

There was considerable difference of opinion, among the learned professors;

In regard to their testimony the New York Sun has the following:

Prof. Wm. Henry Brewer of Yale and Theodore G. Wormley of Philadelphia were more felicitous in their explanations than Mr. Dana. They are veterans in the ranks of science. Abstruse scientific points were made so plain that a bootblack could understand them. The lawyers caught them in no traps. Every pitfall was avoided, and the Professors came out of the long cross-examination with clear throats and sound lungs. Not so, however, with Prof. Moses C. White. A more conscientious witness never stood before a jury. He was so conscientious that if asked whether he had seen a certain object he would qualify his answer by saying that his eyes saw it.

"Will you swear that your eyes saw it?" his tormentor would shout. "I will swear that they saw it, to the best of my knowledge and belief," the Professor would cautiously respond.

"Will you swear that there is not the shadow of a possibility that your eyes have been deceived?" "I will swear, to the best of my knowledge and belief, that I do not think they were mistaken," the Professor would reply.

"Will you swear, to the best of your knowledge and belief, that there is not the shadow of a possibility that your eyes may have been mistaken?" Come, sir, yes or no," persisted his interlocutor.

"I cannot give a positive answer," the Professor would say.

Then the lawyers would kick up a dust, causing the jury to either lose sight of the Professor entirely or to catch no more than a glimpse of his meaning.

## CLARKE AND THE UNION.

Thomas L. Clarke, the V. & T. railroad engineer, has earned an enviable reputation for courage and nerve. When the Mechanics' Union of Virginia threatened his life last summer, he brought his engine into the station at Virginia in the face of a thousand men, few of whom expected to see him leave it alive. His courage is probably what saved him on that occasion. The men who were ready to kill him could not but admire his intrepidity and they let him go unharmed.

The Mechanics' Union officers are unwilling to be thought responsible for the recent dastardly outrage in Virginia. But it cannot be doubted that the murderous assault was made by Union men, and because Clark had braved that organization.

Clarke's persistence in thrusting his head into the lion's mouth appears to some men to be rash, reckless, almost foolhardy. But all men and women admire bravery, and Clarke's courageous stand has made for him thousands of friends whom he has never seen.

There are many forms of tyranny and oppression in this world, and not the least hateful of them is the tyranny of the multitude over the few. The friends of individual liberty owe Clarke their support, for it is on his personal rights as a free man that he takes his stand, and for them that he makes his fight against the Union.

## EDITORIAL NOTES.

There are 236,559 square miles embraced in the Indian reservations of the United States, and about as many Indians, a square mile to each. This suggests a happy solution of the whole Indian question. Let each Indian be deeply planted in the centre of his square mile. There would still be enough land left to allow of the permanent disposition of all the Indian agents in the same way. Then we should hear no more of the unwillingness of the Indians to remain on the reservations. Every Indian would then have a stake in the country. And each agent would be permanently settled at his post, and would have less disposition to grow suddenly rich.

In the vicinity of Berkeley last Sunday, a young Oaklander was hunting, and seeing an object moving behind a bush, he jumped to the conclusion that it was a wildcat, and fired his gun. It proved to be a young lady, who, with a little girl, was shot and dangerously injured. Will hunters ever learn to look before they shoot?

Every avenue leading to the school house is wet and muddy after every storm. Twenty-five dollars would put down a good walk from the end of the sidewalk to the school house door, and it ought to be forthcoming at once. It is wrong to allow the little ones to sit all day with wet feet for the lack of a little bit of enterprise.

Since Murphy, Capt. Mackenzie has ranked as the champion chess player

of America. But a recent chess tournament in New York, brought forth other chess players to the front. Sellman, "the silent youth from Baltimore," has beaten the Captain, while Grundy, Judd, and Mohle were also ahead of Mackenzie at last accounts.

How gradually and by what easy steps the Democrats have backed down in Maine! Their brag and bluster has about subsided, and in conformity to the will of the people expressed at the polls, Maine is once more under Republican rule.

The Placer *Argus* has discarded the patent inside and now comes out a handsome seven column weekly, about the size of the daily GAZETTE. H. W. Fenton has made the *Argus* a name and given it influence in its state.

Deacon Parkinson knows how to make a newspaper as well as any man in the state. He has navigated the *Tribune* into its fifteenth volume and it improves with each returning birthday.

Eli H. Murray has been appointed governor of Utah. It is the general impression among those best posted that Emery was the property of the Mormons. Hence the change gives general satisfaction.

Those who have not secured a copy of the late Harry Mighels' "Sagebrush Leaves" should make haste to secure one. There are only 100 copies left at the Carson Appeal office.

Dakota, Utah and Washington territories all want to be made states. They are working to get in during this session of Congress.

Governor Perkins has appointed Hon. J. H. Neff, of Colfax, one of the State Prison Commissioners. Mr. Neff is a valuable man in any capacity.

Iowa sets her sister states a good example. She owes only \$546,435, which she proposes to pay at maturity, July 1, 1881.

The City of Pekin came into San Francisco with two cases of small-pox on board.

We owe Congressman Daggett thanks for public papers.

Jules Favre is reported to be dying of pneumonia.

A Cannibal Witch in India.

From the Spectator.

One of the most interesting passages in Mr. Bell's "Jungle Life in India" is that which treats of certain witches, or enchanter. The English have passed a law forbidding the killing of persons of this profession, on pain of death to the executioner. Nevertheless, a number of cattle having disappeared in a certain village, it was opined that they had been destroyed by the black art, and incantations were resorted to for the discovery of the offender. The lot fell upon an elderly female, who, on being charged with the crime, calmly and unhesitatingly confessed that she had "devoured" the animals in question. The owner of the latter, however, generously consented to forgive her; and here the matter should have ended.

But shortly afterward the son of this same merciful personage died, and the witch proved to have had stomach for him likewise, though she was conscientious enough to add that she had been assisted at the feast by two other ladies, whose names she mentioned. The latter made no bones about admitting their complicity, and the injured father and cattle owner then informed them that he should really be compelled to cut off their heads—an action which he accordingly performed, the ladies offering an expostulation whatever.

This phase of the episode having been finished, to the apparent satisfaction of all concerned, the avenger placed himself in the hands of the English authorities, who, as in duty bound, relieved him of existence.

## Very Slightly Clothed.

Thenatives residing in the neighborhood of Monrovia, Liberia, until lately were accustomed to visit the city dressed very much in the style of our first parents. Mayor Leon, a civilized emigrant from the United States, issued a proclamation to the effect that the men should wear breeches and the women gowns to the knees, or they should attend market. The decree is now observed, but in the rural regions the primitive costume of the fathers of the republic remain in vogue.

## How it Was Settled.

From the New York Sun.

Said Justice Duffy, in the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday, "Officer Fawcett, take these two young people to church, and be sure to kiss the bride."

And Nora Campbell's grievance against Larry Quinn was soon mended.

## PACIFIC COAST ITEMS.

The mails are now carried to and from Mammoth City on snow shoes. The V. & T. Company have 13,000 redwood ties at the Mounds House, for the new Bodie railroad.

The Red Bluff merchants close up at the tap of the City Hall bell, and all the young hoodlums scamper home.

Chinese are no more to be employed in any manner on Nevada county roads or in any capacity, except as interpreters.

A Nevada City lady, who is nearly seventy years of age, has recently begun taking instrumental music lessons.

The Bodie *Standard* rejoices that the mercury only fell fifteen degrees below zero in that locality during the recent cold snap.

A Calaveras Chinaman hanged himself on the 13th because he thought from the eclipse of the sun that the world had come to an end.

Ami Bogue, a young stock raiser of Wasco county was frozen to death about two weeks ago while herding his flocks on Rock Creek, Oregon.

Within the last thirteen months 172 bears have been killed on the sheep ranch of Hanson, Porter & Russ, Humboldt county, Cal., and between 250 and 300 wildcats.

In a two-days' hunt near Bridgeport, Solano county, last week, Wm. West, J. Karcher and J. M. Bassford, Jr. killed forty-three honkers and seventy-two ducks.

Two steel cables, each to be 3,700 in length, are being manufactured in England for the Yellow Jacket shaft. These will be the longest cables ever brought to the Comstock.

Near Petaluma, on the 19th, A. M. Goodenough, a traveling agent from San Francisco, was stopped by a foot-pat and relieved of about \$150 in coin and a gold watch and chain.

A party rescuing Leadville a few days ago from the Gunnison reported the thermometer fifty degrees below zero, and snow from 12 to 15 feet deep.

Eight hundred large six, eight and ten mule teams pass through Buena Vista daily for Leadville, which is forty miles up the valley and 3,000 feet higher than the former town.

The business of Denver, it is claimed, reaches the total of \$26,000,000 for the year 1879. The number of buildings erected in that city was 382, at a total value of \$2,378,960.

Downieville has been blockaded for a week, all communication except by men on snow-shoes being cut off. It is the most terrific snow storm ever experienced since that town was settled by the whites.

Great destruction of timber in all parts of Oregon by the recent storm. In Northern Marion, thousands upon thousands of the giants of the forest now lie upturned and twisted. Many miles of fencing were torn down.

A Marysville boy stood an umbrella, with a cord tied to it, in a public doorway. Eleven persons thought it was theirs, and carried it with them the length of the string. They then suddenly dropped it without once looking back or stopping to pick it up again.

Says the Portland *Bea*: The most destructive forest fires within the memory of the oldest white settler did not cause a tenth part of the destruction created by the late storm. If the prostrate timber could be utilized in any manner, either by saw-mills or for cord wood, there would be less cause for sorrow, but under the circumstances three-fourths of it will be a total loss.

A woman at Nyack, N. Y., subdued an adopted girl by whipping her with thorns and then bathing her back with vinegar and salt, leaving her all night on her feet, tied to a bed-post; rubbing red pepper in her mouth, and various other tortures. One day she told the child to go up stairs, preparatory to being whipped until the blood ran down her legs. There was no reason to doubt the promise, and the girl therefore jumped out of the second story, fled naked to the woods, and from nearly to death before she was discovered.

In Montana J. C. Curran recently, in cutting down a large pine tree measuring nearly four feet in diameter, found a smooth slug bullet imbedded in the solid wood, about twelve inches from the bark. He also found in digging, about four feet below the surface of the ground, a tooth which weighed five and a half pounds, and which was in a state of perfect preservation.

The north lateral drift of the Sutro tunnel is 1,771 feet in length and is into the Best & Belcher ground a distance of 234 feet; the length of the south lateral drift is 673 feet and it is in Bullion ground a distance of 28 feet.

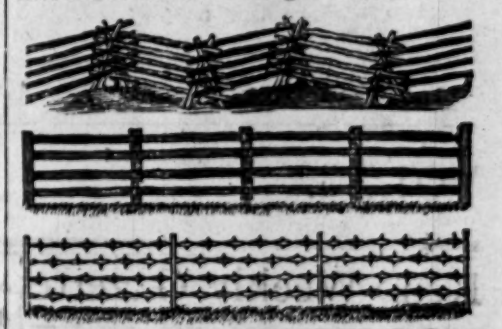
A Bodie man has invented a car that runs from the shaft to the dump, unloads and returns entirely of its own motion, requiring no one to attend to it.

Last Monday noon Patti and part of her gang suddenly took passage on the steamer for Australia. She takes \$15,000 with her, and Chizzola, erstwhile her manager, is about bankrupt.

During the past season over 40,000 head of California sheep were driven into Colorado. The average price obtained per head was \$3; wethers, \$2 50, and lambs, \$2.

**50 TIMES**

OVER and MORE, especially if you have a FARM or Village LOT, requiring



**\$2,000,000,000**

(Two Thousand Million Dollars!) are expended in FENCING. To fence our new Western fields will cost as much more. Every FARM and Village LOT owner, EAST, WEST, and SOUTH, is interested. To fence a 100-acre Farm costs \$300 to \$700, and for a 500-acre Village Lot \$35 to \$100. Wood fences soon decay. But a New Era is at hand. By new inventions, STEEL and IRON are to supplant WOOD, furnishing better, cheaper, and lasting fences.

The 39th Volume of the *American Agriculturist* (for 1880) now beginning, will give very much information about new Fencing, with many engravings. (The Number for Dec. has 21 engravings of Barbed Fencing, and much interesting matter. Sent post-paid for 15 cents.)

To every one interested in FENCING for a FARM, or Village LOT, the 39th Volume of the *American Agriculturist* will be worth five times, if not a hundred times, its small cost.

BUT, besides the above important feature, the *American Agriculturist* will give a very great amount of Useful, Practical, Reliable Information—for the Farm, the Garden, and Household (Children included)—and over

800 Original Engravings,

Illustrating Labor-saving, Labor-helping contrivances, Animals, Plants, Fruits and Flowers, Farm Buildings, and many other Pictures instructive and pleasing to Old and Young—it is useful to ALL in

City, Village, and Country.

Its constant exposure of HUMBUGS, which have seduced its readers many Millions of Dollars, will be continued vigorously. For these alone the *American Agriculturist* should be in every family, no matter how many other journals are taken; also for its Special Information and its multitude of pleasing and useful Engravings in which it far exceeds all other similar Journals.

TERMS (postage prepaid)—\$1.20 a year. Four copies, 50¢. Single numbers, 15¢. (One specimen only for two Sent stamps.)

Over 1200 Valuable Premium Articles and Books are offered to those getting up clubs. Premium List sent on receipt of 5 cents postage.

ORANGE JUDD COMPANY, Publishers,

245 Broadway, New York.



**HOSTETTER'S**  
CELEBRATED  
**STOMACH BITTERS**

The Stomach is Strengthened. The liver regulated, the bowels put in proper order, the blood enriched and purified, and the nervous system rendered tranquil and vigorous by this inestimable family medicine and safeguard against disease, which is moreover, a most agreeable and effective appetizer and a cordial peculiarly adapted to the wants of the aged and infirm. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

## THE DAILY EXCHANGE

THE  
LEADING

STOCK and FINANCE

JOURNAL

OF THE

PACIFIC COAST.

IF FIFTY-SIX

Column Weekly.

—

—

—

—

—

—

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES:

DAILY:

One Year, by Mail, post paid. \$9 00

Six Months, " " " 5 00

WEEKLY:

One Year, by Mail, post paid. \$4 00

Six Months, " " " 2 50

Three Months, " " " 1 00

Address all orders

The Daily Exchange Publishing Co.

306 MONTGOMERY STREET.

San Francisco, California



### JOTTINGS.

Plenty of fresh trout in market. The roads are drying up rapidly. The river is fast clearing itself of ice.

The Character Concert cleared about \$75.

DeWitt, the barber, has closed his shop.

A wild cat was killed on Saturday near Washoe City.

The GAZETTE job office is turning out very fine work.

The snow has almost all melted from the hills around the valley.

Tickets to Varney's dancing class can now be bought at low rates.

The Truckee folks are enjoying the skating on Donner Lake.

The C. P. Railroad Company have closed their station at Oreana.

Charles Colby, the Santa Cruz murderer, is to be hanged February 20th.

It looks as though musician Kaufman will have plenty to do this winter.

There is skating at Washoe Lake, but the ice is not in the best condition.

Street Supervisor Harrison thinks of stocking Everett's Lake with trout or catfish.

Stripped hose was the prevailing pattern worn by the Character Concert performers.

The next address before the Reform Club will be delivered by Senator Downing.

L. Demer is having a good crossing laid from his store on the plaza to Commercial Row.

The Truckee and Steamboat Canal Company has levied an assessment of 50 cents a share.

Mrs. Don Tillow of Wadsworth now gives music lessons in Battle Mountain one day of each week.

Joe Barstow, now at Washoe City, has perhaps the best piano in the county. It is a Steinway and cost \$750.

That dance at the neck-tie party Friday evening will be well attended and the ladies say that the supper will be solid.

A skating excursion to Donner Lake, to wind up with a dance at Truckee, is something that ought to draw well.

How pious they must be getting in Truckee! Some one dropped a \$20 piece in the plate at the Methodist church there last Sunday.

Dr. Dawson of this place has been appointed Pension Examining Surgeon on the recommendation of Congressman Daggett.

The married folks for some unexpected reason, have tabled their resolution to give a Leap Year party that would eclipse the one got up by the girls.

Nelson Martin has been elected Superintendent of the Pacific Wood and Lumber Co. The mill will run both day and night when it starts again.

Some of the ranches near Reno are without water, owing to the freezing of the ditches. Some of the farmers have been hauling water from the river.

In Truckee alcohol has been put in the water tanks and fire cisterns to keep them from freezing. Alcohol is also being much used by Reno people this winter to keep the frost out.

The storm at Lake Tahoe last week was very severe. The steamer Governor Blaisdell was badly injured, and the damage done around the lake amounts to thousands of dollars.

A good crossing to skirt the shore of Everett's lake is much needed. The comfort and health of the school children would be promoted by keeping them out of the mud and water.

The Reform Club on Saturday had the usual good attendance, and was as entertaining as might have been expected from the attractive programme announced. The floor was crowded during the dance.

Strassburger & Co. are constantly offering great bargains in certain lines of dry goods. They make a specialty of kid gloves, and keep a large assortment always on hand. They guarantee fit and quality.

John Sunderland exhibits in his window a framed picture of a handsome shoe, which, although not represented as worn upon a well-turned "limb," engages the attention of the men. It is a picture of the "Hersome" shoe, made by Lilly, Brackett & Co., of Boston, for whose goods Mr. Sunderland is agent.

Parrott, the gunmaker, says that this is the worst season for game that he has ever known in Reno. He has been employing his spare time wisely of late, however. By way of preparation for fire he has made rollers for his costly lathe, and can run the machine out of doors with ease. He has also made large chests, also on rollers, in which he can readily move his guns and tools to a place of safety.

### Dull Cattle Market.

The rise in the price of beef cattle has caused a glut in the San Francisco market, and as a consequence the demand is now very light, with prices weak. No large sales have been made in Reno this week.

All lovers of a first-class Bit Cigar come to John F. Myers' Drug Store, two doors west of postoffice.

### FUN AT LOVELOCKS.

An Amateur Dramatic Club—Outsiders Evident of the Incidental Kissing and Hugging.

From our own Correspondent.

Perhaps you are not aware of the fact that we boast of a dramatic society? Yes; we do.

We were not aware that our citizens possessed ability in that line, but the advent of the McGinley troupe hit to the surface their dormant powers. In the plays enacted by the above mentioned troupe there was a large amount of love-making with the usual auxiliaries, hugging, kissing, etc. As our society is largely made up of those unfortunates known as old bachelors, some evil-minded person suggested that this is the attractive feature. And that a committee be appointed to see that the embracing is done with the proper degree of coolness and propriety, so as not to shock or lower the high moral tone of the place. No doubt this has been prompted by a feeling of jealousy. My private opinion is, that the venture will be a grand success, in fact will draw like a plaster. Will it pay? We are curtailing expenses now, and visions of spring hats and new dresses have vanished in thin air.

The members of the troupe can already be known by their air, and the statuesque attitudes they strike. Sort of "is this a dagger I see before me?" One victim was seen to strike an attitude, and in deep tones exclaim: "With all thy faults I love thee still!" It was suggested that the "still" meant "rock and rye," but that must be a mistake.

When the time is set to open the ball, will let you know so that you may send up the "devil" for a report.

Lovelocks, Jan. 19, 1880.

### An Important Enterprise.

The Iron Mountain company has a very large body of magnetic and hematite iron ore lying three and a half miles from Clipper Gap station on the Central Pacific road. The company was incorporated in 1864 by G. W. Applegate, B. F. Myers, A. C. Neale, John R. Brown and Chas. Robinson, with a stock of half a million. The entire property of the company was recently purchased by J. E. Judson the giant powder man, Scott the San Francisco foundry man, and Hotelling the liquor merchant. Surveyors have been at work for some weeks running lines for wagon and rail roads out to the track, looking up timber lands, etc. Works will be put up at once for making pig. An expenditure of \$270,000 will be necessary before work can be begun. The furnace selected will use 3,000 bushels of charcoal per day.

### Harry Richardson's Remains Not Found.

The report that Harry Richardson's body had been found in the river at Glendale proved entirely incorrect. Parties who went to Glendale Tuesday returned with the information that the story was entirely false. It is said that Richardson's coat was found on the river bank, and that there were footprints leading from it to the edge of the ice, where the hat and other articles were found. There were no returning footprints, and thus it seems certain that the missing man must have jumped into the river and been carried down by the current.

N. P. Jaquish and W. J. Gillespie, believing that the remains had been found, Tuesday raised \$46.00 by subscription as a burial fund. The money has been deposited in Bender's bank, and should the body not be found within a few days, will be returned to subscribers.

### His Honor Has Nothing To Do.

Justice Young is in the winter of his discontent. There is absolutely no criminal business doing. No vagrant has darkened his official doors for weeks, no petty thief has appeared before him for a still longer period, and as for examinations for grave offenses, he has not had one this year. If he and the local reporters are not soon tempted to make common cause and steal something or burn down a house, it will be because something new turns up. The town is either in a strangely good moral condition or else there is a good deal of undiscovered devilry going on.

### An Excursion To Donner Lake.

A GAZETTE reporter saw Donner Lake Tuesday, frozen completely over and as smooth as a mirror. The glittering sheet of ice was dotted with skaters. D. O. Mills and party came up Tuesday for a skate on the frozen lake. The Journal of Wednesday makes an excellent suggestion: the getting up of an excursion from Reno to the lake. Excursion rates could not doubt be secured, and many would like to go. Who will make the first move?

### Still Unsettled.

C. W. Jones has not yet got the insurance on his house. The company has not refused to pay, and an agent is here examining into the claim. The probabilities are that Jones will get the money.

### DISTRICT COURT--KING S. D.

In the District Court, the case of Charlebois vs. Mayberry, which has been two days on trial, was concluded Tuesday, the jury finding for the defendant, with costs. A stay of proceedings for 15 days was granted.

In the case of the *habes corpus* for Chung Wah, the writ was denied, and the prisoner remanded to jail.

C. A. Bragg vs. M. C. Lake and W. T. C. Elliott—Default of defendants entered.

C. H. Morrill vs. W. A. Walker—Dismissed.

The court is a little behind the calendar, although Judge King has been working hard to dispose of business.

### Truckee Items.

From the Republican of to-day.

An amateur dramatic troupe is to be organized in Truckee.

The wood work for the new public school house at Reno, has all been finished at the factory.

Teicles the size of a man's body fringe the mouths of the mountain tunnels along the Central Pacific, and constantly endanger the brakemen on top of the freight cars.

The Boca Brewery had a narrow escape from fire the other day. The flames made considerable progress, but were subdued by the workmen.

### An Explosion.

Engine No. 52 exploded at Blake station on the Salt Lake division a few days ago while lying on the side track waiting for another train. Engineer Torker was severely injured, having one eye blown out. He was taken to the hospital at Sacramento. His fireman was also injured.

### Mrs. Partington Says.

Don't take any of the quack nostrums, as they are regimental to the human system; but put your trust in Hop Bitters, which will cure general debility, costive habits and all comic diseases. They saved Isaac from a severe extract of tripe fever. They are *ne plus quam* of medicines.

M. Bertillon, the French savant, says that the number of suicides in France is at the rate of 628 per million for widowers, 273 for bachelors, and 246 for married men, and that offenses against the person are 50 per cent, and against property 45 per cent less on the part of married than unmarried men.

M. Stanislas Harel, one of the richest men in Rouen, has just died, leaving his whole fortune of several million francs to his valet.

There are in the United States 380 theatres, 193 traveling theatrical companies, and only seven resident stock companies.

### DIED.

FRY—A. Frankson, Jan. 19. Lungs decayed, 11 years 7 months and 10 days.

### THE "GAZETTE"

Job Office is Doing THE BEST WORK IN NEVADA.



### Removal.

S. ROTH, MANUFACTURER OF Saddles and Harness

WHIPS, SPURS, SADDLEWARE, ETC., ETC.

No. 169 J. St. to 179 K St.

### FITS

San Francisco Shopping OF EVERY DESCRIPTION FOR LADIES and gentlemen. Everything bought with discretion, taste and judgment. Send stamp for circular to Mr. or Mrs. J. A. Lockwood, 21 Post Street, S. F. N. O. S. C. A. W.

"The goods ordered from you came safely and promptly to hand. We find your goods perfectly satisfactory, and your prices so much lower than what we have been paying that we shall certainly recommend your house to our friends and do our future trading with you."

The above remarks are quoted from a letter received from one of our customers in the interior, and is a fair sample of the compliments we daily receive from people living in all parts of the Pacific coast.

The time is past when people living in all parts of the country were forced to pay

### ENORMOUS PRICES

And content themselves with the small and meagre assortment of goods usually found in

### INTERIOR STORES.

It now lies within the reach of every man, woman or child on the Pacific coast or elsewhere to

### SEND TO US,

And thereby obtain any article of WEARING APPAREL as Low as it can be bought in any part of the United States, New York, Boston or Chicago not excepted.

We have abundant proof of this, from the fact that thousands who formerly sent orders to Chicago and other Eastern cities now find it more profitable to order their goods from us.

### OUR COUNTRY ORDER DEPARTMENT

Is well and thoroughly organized, every ORDER received being PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO, a 25-cent order receiving the same care and attention as one for a hundred dollars. Send your address, asking for a

### PRICE LIST.

And you will receive one, giving a complete list of our prices and the different lines of goods we carry. Consisting of

DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS!

MEN AND BOYS CLOTHING.

Hats, Caps, Millinery, Boots, Shoes, TRUNKS, VALISES, ETC.

As we have one and the same price to all, those sending orders do just as well and buy just as low as if they stood in front of our counters. Remember, we have

### NO BRANCHES!

OUR HOUSE IS THE

MECHANICS' STORE, NEW NUMBERS 400, 402, 404, 406, & 408 K STREET, SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA.

Address all letters to

WEINSTOCK & LUBIN, SACRAMENTO, CAL.

Jan 22

The Great Carriage Manufacturing House of the World.

EMERSON,

FISHER & CO.

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Top Buggies and Phaetons,

Best material, good workmanship, handsome styles, strong and durable vehicles in every respect.

70,000 Carriages

Manufactured by Emerson, Fisher & Co., are now in use in every part of the American Continent.

They give unfailing satisfaction. All their work is warranted. They have received testimonials from all parts of the country of purport similar to the following, hundreds of which are on file subject to inspection:

Messrs. EMERSON, FISHER & Co.: GALT, ILL., July 16, 1879. I have used one of your Top Buggies three years, and three of them two years in my livery stable, and they have given me perfect satisfaction and are in constant use.

OSCAR SMALLEY.

Messrs. COPPOCK & JOHNSON: NEWBERRY, S. C. July 17, 1879. Dear Sir:—I have been using the Emerson & Fisher buggy I bought from you as roughly as I suppose as any one could. I had a fast horse, drove him at full speed, sometimes with two grown ladies and myself in the buggy, and it is to-day worth all the money I paid for it. I say the Emerson & Fisher Buggies will do.

A. M. TEAGUE, Farmer.

The favorable reputation the Carriages have made in localities where they have been used for several years by Liverymen, Physicians, Farmers and others requiring hard and constant use, has led to an increased demand from those localities, to meet which the manufacturing facilities of their mammoth establishment have been extended, enabling them now to turn out in good style,

360 CARRIAGES A WEEK.

Emerson, Fisher & Co.'s Carriages are the Best

### JOB WORK.

### FINE

JOB WORK!

THE GAZETTE

JOB OFFICE!

Is Prepared to do Job Work

AT THE

Cheapest Rates

Ever Offered in Nevada!

THE GAZETTE

PRESSES

—ARE—

RUN BY STEAM!

And No Hand Presses

CAN COMPETE WITH THEM!

Everything is Perfect and

Complete!

THE TYPE!

ARE NEW

And All Material is of the

Best!

Prices Hereafter Will

be as Follows:

Bill Heads from... \$3 to \$7

Letter Heads from... \$3 to \$7

Tags from... \$2.50 to \$4

Business Cards... \$2.50 to \$5

Envelopes from... \$3 to \$5

Circulars from... 50c to \$10

### Legal Blank Work

In the Best Style and on the

Shortest Notice.







## AN ANSWER.

By STANLEY FRANKLIN.  
Such a beautiful, happy world, you say,  
And a world, beside, that is as we make it;  
Hearts should be joyous and light as day,  
As that is the manner in which we should  
take it.

No matter how poverty, hungry-eyed  
Stands at the poor soul's yielding portal;  
No matter how wrecked is each cherished  
pride,  
How low in the dust falls the mind immortal  
No! fill the cup to the brim with wine,  
And if life is short, let us make it merry!  
Drag down with passion each power divine,  
And be not with jest, or with gay words chary,  
Care not, dear friend, if day by day  
The steps of the giant world draweth nearer:  
Keep your hearts light—it's the very best  
way.

To rouse the soul from her woe, and cheer  
her,  
And such little trifles as weeping eyes,  
Tired hands, and the sight of wan, pale faces,  
Banish with thoughts of the clear, blue skies,  
Of Nature's beauties, and Art's rich graces.  
It may not cheer us like golden corn,  
But then it is just in our way of living;  
And if it seems hard in life's path to join,  
We ask to be thought of by hearts forgiving.

And if, at times, should the sharp thought  
come  
Of a sweet child face you once bent over—  
That you kissed and caressed in a happy  
home,  
When life's one duty was but to love her—  
Then turn to the cold, bleak life that is left,  
Crushing the pain in the longing bosom—  
Don't think sad things, nor deem life bereft  
Of all that is sweet—though you lost its bloom.

It seems to the world to be quite a sin  
To grieve over joys that for ever are faded;  
To turn to the shadows of each life within,  
And dream of the dear eyes that death has  
shaded.

But if it is better to freeze the heart,  
And soothe ourselves into cold forgetting,  
Never look back as our hopes depart,  
With tender sorrow and fond regretting—  
Then, perhaps, to me such a time will come,  
And find me tuned to the proper spirit;  
But, ah! it will be when the world is dumb,  
And dead every gift that the soul inherits.  
Yet, after all, as I think of it now,  
It would save us a deal of trouble and fretting,  
If we could but put our hands to the plough,  
And never look backward with sad regretting.

## A SPECK OF WAR.

A Discontented Stockholder Demands  
His Money Back.

J. D. Nagle, L. D. Smith and Roger  
McClellan formed a company last  
summer for the purpose of putting up  
ice at Cuba. Nagle kept boarding  
house for the men but recently became  
dissatisfied and quit. He had a thou-  
sand dollars in the concern, and made  
up his mind he would draw it out.  
Neither Smith nor McClellan, how-  
ever, wanted to buy his stock. On Thurs-  
day he got 2 revolvers and going into  
the office, demanded his money of  
Smith, who told him he had no money  
coming. He showed his battery and  
said: "One of these is for you and the  
other for McClellan." Going out  
on the pond, he laid one  
of the guns down on the ice and told  
McClellan to take it and defend himself, which  
reasonable request was refused. He  
then drove all the men off the ice with  
his pistols. He was afterwards thrown  
down and disarmed. Word was sent  
to Truckee and officer Reed went  
down and arrested him, taking him  
to Truckee on the overland, where the  
Republican says he was put under  
\$1,000 bonds.

## THE ICE CROP.

Next Summer Cocktails Ample pro-  
vided For.

The ice crop is pretty well harvested  
now and those who have not made hay  
while the sun shone, or ice while the  
frost bit, will take rank with the  
foolish virgins. The houses at Prosser  
Creek are full but most of that cut  
this winter is poor. There are over  
15,000 tons piled up. The Boca Com-  
pany have their house full of last year's  
crop. It holds about 500 tons. The  
People's Ice company at Cuba have  
12,000 tons of the best ice on the  
river. Some of the last ice was 17  
inches thick. The Mountains Ice com-  
pany is now at work and will put up  
3,000 tons. The Boca Brewery has  
cut one sheet and the second is now  
7 or 8 inches thick. It will be put  
up at once. The Mutual Company at  
Essex and the Crystal at Verdi have  
not put up any and probably will not.

## A Case of Probable Suicide.

A coat and hat were Friday night  
found on the river bank near  
the V. & T. bridge. A memorandum  
book in a pocket of the coat  
showed that the articles were  
Harry Richardson's. Richardson is a  
plumber who has done a good deal  
of work for Manning & Berry. For  
some days he has been on a bender,  
and was last seen on Thursday night.  
The supposition is that he has drowned  
himself in the river, but his body has  
not been found. Richardson's age  
was about 36, and he was a first rate  
mechanic.

The Word "Sozodont."  
Which has already become a household  
word, is derived from the Greek, and is com-  
posed of two words, Sozo and Ontos.  
"Sozo" translated, means to preserve, and  
"Ontos" the teeth—"SOZODONT" a pre-  
server of the teeth. And it is true to its name.  
It beautifies and preserves the teeth, hardens  
and invigorates the gums, and corrects all  
impurities of the breath. The odor of this  
pure preparation is so delightful that it is a  
luxury to apply it. It is as harmless as wa-  
ter. Sold by druggists and perfumers.  
Jant-e od-imp-d&w

## LAKE VS. LAKE.

The Case Before The Court Again  
Friday Evening—More Argument  
Over The Motion For Alimony  
And Suit Money.

The resumption of the argument in  
the case of Jane Lake vs. M. C. Lake,  
drew a crowd to the District Court room  
Friday night. Gen. Clarke addressed  
the Court for nearly two hours, review-  
ing all the principal points involved in  
the motion for alimony and suit money,  
and cited many authorities. In opposing  
that motion his main arguments were  
substantially as follows: That the  
complaint shows no valid cause for  
action, inasmuch as the alleged acts  
of cruelty were isolated, dated as far  
back as 1870 and '76, and had since  
been condoned; that there was no al-  
legation that the plaintiff's life, limbs  
or health had ever been put in jeopar-  
dy by the defendant, or were now imper-  
iled; and that the complaint did not  
aver that plaintiff would be left in  
bodily peril by living with the de-  
fendant. Defendant's counsel took  
the ground that the theory of the law  
in regard to the granting of divorces  
in cases of extreme cruelty is that the  
future safety of the defendant is to be  
considered, not punishment for past  
offences. Clarke further argued against  
the granting of the motion, on the  
ground that there is no showing that  
the plaintiff needs money to prosecute  
her case; that the defendant had gen-  
erously tendered her the choice of two  
good homes, pending the issue of the  
suit; that she is now in comfortable  
circumstances, living with her son-in-  
law; that the case might be decided  
within a month, in which contingency  
there would be no occasion for alim-  
ony; that plaintiff was now prosecuting  
the suit without aid from the defend-  
ant; that should the motion be granted  
the suit might be immediately  
dropped after the money had been se-  
cured, and that the plaintiff's expenses  
of the suit could be met from time to  
time by an order of the court on the  
defendant for whatever sum might be  
required.

Gen. Clarke made a humorous esti-  
mate of the expenses of the suit on the  
basis of the plaintiff's motion, show-  
ing that the litigation might  
consume all the property involved be-  
fore a decision were reached.  
In the course of his argument, the  
defendant's counsel again and again  
insisted that the apprehension of per-  
sonal violence, and not the considera-  
tion of refined mental torture, must  
govern the court in an application for  
divorce on the ground of extreme cru-  
elty. He also maintained that an off-  
ence obliterated by forgiveness cannot  
be revived in a suit for divorce,  
and that past acts of cruelty can only  
be considered in reference to future  
danger. He further laid down the  
law that alimony can only be granted  
in cases of absolute necessity, and as-  
serted that the plaintiff has sufficient  
property to enable her to maintain  
herself during the suit and to prose-  
cute the action.

Defendant's counsel quoted from  
Bishop to show that the rule of tem-  
porary alimony is to allow one fifth of  
the husband's income, where the wife  
has no income of her own. The plain-  
tiff has had for the past two years an  
allowance of \$100 per month, which  
is still continued, and satisfies the re-  
quirements of the law.

## VARIAN AT IT AGAIN.

It was very near nine o'clock when  
Varian rose to make his closing argu-  
ment for the plaintiff. He began by  
referring in strong terms to the bitter  
and determined fight that was being  
made to drive the suffering plaintiff  
out of court. He might but would  
not say, in reference to the question of  
money, whether the plaintiff was more  
anxious to put forth her hand  
and take her due than the defendant  
to hold on to what belonged to both.  
Varian assaulted the doctrine that  
extreme cruelty is limited to acts of  
bodily injury. He thanked God that  
such barbaric notions had ceased to  
obtain in modern jurisprudence. He  
maintained that the defendant's charges  
against his wife, attacking the very  
citadel of her honor, constituted the  
very essence of cruelty, and that such  
a view is now recognized by the best  
legal authority.

Plaintiff's counsel further main-  
tained that condonation is based upon  
the idea of amendment and permanent  
conjugal kindness, that any breach of that  
condition revives the right to bring a  
suit for the original cause of action.  
In the course of his argument, Vari-  
an took occasion to refer to an allega-  
tion in the complaint, which charges  
that upon a certain occasion the de-  
fendant told plaintiff to go to hell, and  
that he would give her money to  
stay away from him.

At half past nine the case was con-  
tinued until seven o'clock next even-  
ing, when Varian will resume his argu-  
ment. Court then adjourned.

## No Deception Used.

It is strange so many people will continue  
to suffer day after day with Dispepsia, Liver  
Complaint, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Gen-  
eral Debility, when they can procure at our  
store SHILOH'S VITALIZER, free of cost if  
does not cure or relieve them. Price, 75c.  
Sold by Osburn & Shoemaker, Druggists,  
Reno, Nevada. nov 3 m w f

## SYSTEMATIC INDULGENCE.

The Difficulties in the Way of Bringing  
up a Family.

It almost seems as though there was  
no middle course between abusing a  
boy and spoiling him. A large ma-  
jority of the successful men of the  
country were poor men's sons, and in  
their young days lived in grinding  
poverty, while thousands who were  
nursed and petted all their lives fill  
the middle and lower walks of life.  
Men who have worked their way up  
by hard labor have a natural anxiety  
to see their sons rise in the world  
without going through the severe dis-  
cipline which they themselves have  
seen. They would like to save them  
the suffering and struggling against  
apparently insurmountable obstacles.  
It seems as if there ought to be some  
system by which a man could help his  
boy over the hard places in life with-  
out destroying his manhood, and im-  
pairing his powers. Most fathers pay  
too little attention to the formation of  
the minds and characters of their chil-  
dren. They leave the intellectual  
part with school teachers, and the  
moral part to the mother, who has her  
household affairs to attend to, and un-  
less she is of more than ordinary  
strength, both of mind and body, is en-  
tirely unable to curb the vigorous will  
of a growing boy. When any aggra-  
vated outbreak occurs the head of the  
family can only spare time to give the  
young hopeful a "tanning." A  
GAZETTE reporter took a few notes of  
the system used by B. F. Leete in the  
government of his boys, and they  
seem so instructive that space is given  
them in the paper. There are three of  
the boys, Mc, aged 17, Ben, two years  
younger, and Nott about 12. Instead  
of being obliged to go into the streets  
for amusement they are kept constant-  
ly engaged at home. There is a gymna-  
sium well supplied with clubs, weights  
and swings.

THE NATURAL LOVE OF EXERCISE,  
artfully stimulated when necessary,  
keeps up the interest here. The gymna-  
sium is very popular with neighbor-  
ing boys and often quite an assemblage  
may be found there. When the pub-  
lic runs to theatricals the boys also  
get the fever and sometimes give  
shows of their own with all the details  
represented. A year or two ago a  
miniature state fair was held, with  
everything completed except the speed-  
ing. The judges on live stock hesi-  
tated some time between a big horned  
toad and a finely bred Jersey calf.  
Finally the latter got the medal, and  
the toad a dissatisfaction. The snake,  
the bull frog, the family carriage and  
the pies and cakes were lumped off  
with honorable mention. Mc. has a  
printing press of his own, and makes  
Frank Mosher jealous every little while  
with some fine job for his own use.  
The boys have books and tools as well  
as playthings and by no means waste  
all their time upon amusements. They  
attend to a cow and her calf, and do  
many useful and necessary things. Mc.  
has a complete set of books and is at  
present keeping the accounts of the  
gas company as carefully and promptly  
as if the income depended upon his  
pen. There is one rule which is never  
broken. That is when one of the boys  
takes up anything he must persevere  
until he masters it thoroughly, no mat-  
ter how distasteful it may become.  
Such a course of training hardly ever  
fails to give young men hearty ambi-  
tion and useful tastes.

## High Priced Butter.

Mr. A. W. Cheever, Editor N. E.  
Farmer, owns a fine dairy and gets a  
high price for fancy butters. In an edi-  
torial Nov. 2d, he said, "The Per-  
fected Butter Color made by Wells,  
Richardson & Co., we have used for  
several years, and we have found it  
equalling it, although we have  
tested about everything of the kind  
made in this or the Old Country. It  
is the strongest, cleanest, purest and  
cheapest butter color we have ever  
found, and for all we can see, it is  
absolutely perfect. It should entirely  
supercede carrots for coloring butter,  
and also all the preparations of An-  
natto." Farmers if your but-  
ter is white do not fail to try  
this splendid preparation. For full  
particulars inquire of Osburn & Shoe-  
maker, druggists, Reno, Nevada, who  
have it for sale, as well as all druggists  
and merchants generally. sep 4 6 m

## Washoe County School Apportionment.

From the report of the County An-  
ditor, submitted January 15th, there is  
in the County Treasury, unapportioned,  
the sum of \$2,224.54, from State  
School Fund, \$187.50, from County.  
Total, \$2,412.04. The above amount  
is appropriated among the several  
districts of the county as follows:

Name of District.	No. of Children.	Amount.
Franktown.....	1. 45.	\$128.75
Washoe.....	3. 49.	186.85
Mill Station.....	5. 30.	98.89
Glendale.....	6. 44.	126.72
Verdi.....	7. 21.	80.18
Huffaker.....	9. 41.	120.65
Reno.....	10. 508.	1254.08
Wadsworth.....	11. 60.	159.10
Brown's.....	13. 41.	120.65
North Truckee.....	14. 39.	116.61
Peavine.....	15. 16.	70.06

ALON DAWSON,  
County Superintendent of Schools.

## JOTTINGS.

—Where is the calamitous Varney?  
—There is some talk of starting a  
dancing club.

—Bodie has declared a dividend of  
25 cents.

—There is an assessment of 10 cents  
on Albion.

—Eureka Con. has declared a divi-  
dend of 50 cents.

—There is an assessment of \$1 on  
Hale & Norcross.

—Pinniger & Queen have ordered  
a lot of Vichy flower seeds.

—The river is full of saw-dust and  
the gills of the trout will suffer.

—Fresh cranberry sauce in cans  
ready for the table at J. K. Everett's.

—These warm, sunny days thaw  
out the frozen mud of the street cross-  
ings.

—To many of the idle men about  
town that Lake suit is as good as a  
circus.

—Geo. Douglass, an old resident  
of Washoe Valley, has leased Lake's  
ranch.

—A cold night would make skat-  
ing safe on Everett lake, opposite the  
Episcopal church. The ice is smooth  
now, but too thin.

—Chase & Thyes have got in a stock  
of the finest liquors that can be had,  
and no better bit cigars than theirs can  
be got on the coast.

—There is good skating on the  
river above the dam, and it is getting  
better every day. The boys have  
scraped off most of the snow.

—A little boy was last night heard  
to wish for a sled as long as Commer-  
cial Row, on which he could coast  
down the snowy slope of the Sierra.

—The Surprise Valley stage now  
goes along the west shore of Pyramid  
Lake for thirty miles. That is one of  
the finest rides in the United States.

—The author of the GAZETTE's prize  
story "Married by Will, or the Mil-  
lionsaire's Mandate," talks of adapting it  
for the stage. The Silver State Min-  
strels want to play it.

—His father's lantern blew out,  
and little Willie asked the reason.  
When told it was the wind, he point-  
ed to the shining stars, and asked:  
"Why don't the lights go out in the  
ceiling, then?"

—There are still men at work on  
the gravel mine in the hills near the  
Washoe lake. They have done a good  
deal of unprofitable work, but are now  
sinking a shaft which they believe will  
strike the channel.

—Some of the young men were talk-  
ing of getting up a dance for next  
Wednesday that would knock the mar-  
ried folks' party cold and stiff. They  
proposed to get Church & Jones' band  
up from Sacramento. But the pro-  
ject appears to have stuck in the mud.

—It was remarked at the Leap-  
Year party, that nearly every gentle-  
man present had a little white spot on  
the breast of his coat, near the right  
shoulder, looking something like a  
chalk mark. Query.—If it was  
chalk, where did it come from.

—Suppose that little black cur  
continues to yelp and howl at night,  
is that any reason why anyone should  
lay violent hands upon him, or tempt  
him to destruction by cunningly poi-  
soned dainties. No; it is more neigh-  
borly to put up with the animal's  
noise. The dog is not to blame, but  
his owner should be dealt with.

—They were returning from the  
theatre last evening, and, as they drew  
near the restaurant, she remarked that  
she had seen in the papers that the  
eastern oysters had taken to breeding  
in San Francisco Bay. "The young  
ones will be big enough to eat next  
winter, and then won't we have plenty  
of them," he said. She made no reply,  
but as she passed the window, where  
the big oysters were displayed, she  
thought she would prefer having a few  
of the old ones now.

## Consumption Cured.

An old physician retired from practice  
having had placed in his hands by an East  
India missionary the formula of a simple vege-  
table remedy for the speedy and permanent  
cure for Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh,  
Asthma, and all throat and lung affections,  
also a positive and radical cure for Nervous  
Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after  
having tested his wonderful curative powers  
in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty  
to make it known to his suffering fellows. Ac-  
tuated by this motive and a desire to relieve  
human suffering, I will send free of charge to  
all who desire it, this recipe, in German,  
French or English, with full directions for  
preparing and using. Sent by mail by ad-  
dressing with stamp, naming this paper,  
W. W. Sharat, 148 Powers' Block, Rochester,  
N. Y. nov 13-3 m

## I Wish Everybody to Know.

Rev. George H. Thayer, an old citizen in  
this vicinity, known to every one as a most  
influential citizen, and Christian Minister of  
the M. E. Church, just this moment stopped  
in our store to say, "I wish everybody to know  
that I consider that both myself and wife owe  
our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." It is  
having a tremendous sale over our counters  
and is giving perfect satisfaction in all cases  
of Lung Diseases, such as nothing else has  
done. Bourbon, Ind., May 15, 1878. Dr.  
Matchett & France. Sold by Osburn & Shoe-  
maker, Druggists, Reno, Nevada. nov 3 m w

## MARRIED.

WINZELL-BURKETT—At the Lake  
House, Jan 10th, 1880, by Judge J. D. King,  
Fred Winzell of Dayton, Nev., to Martha A.  
Burkette of Bodie, Cal.

## DIED.

HARLEY—In Reno, Jan. 14, 1880, William  
A. instant son of C. F. and Mary Harley,  
aged 17 days.

## MARCUS C. HAWLEY &amp; CO.,

HARDWARE  
And Agricultural Implements.

Gold Medal Separators,  
Rice Straw Burning Engines,  
Haines & Case Headers,  
Deere Genuine Moline Plows,  
Buckeye Force Feed Drills  
Buckeye Force Feed Seeders and Cultivators  
Dederick Perpetual Baling Presses,  
Meadow King Mowers,  
Taylor Hay rakes,  
Collin's Cast Steel Plows,  
Cast Iron Plows,  
Champion Fan Mills,  
Buckeye Cider Presses,  
Cahoon Seed Sowers,  
Granger's Seed Sowers,  
Wood and Iron Frame Harrows,  
Chisel Cultivators, Etc., Etc.

## CELEBRATED SCHUTTLE WAGON

## HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

A Full Line.  
Prices as Low as the Lowest and  
ALL GOODS OF THE BEST!  
SEND FOR CATALOGUES.

43, 45 and 47 J Street, Sacramento.  
Cor. Market and Reale Streets, San Francisco.

## FURNITURE AND BEDDING!

## W. D. COMSTOCK,

Corner Fifth and K Streets, SACRAMENTO, CAL.

## Solid Walnut Furniture,

Maple Bedsteads,  
Chairs, Tables.

Largest Stock. Lowest Prices.

W. D. COMSTOCK.

## Buy Only

## THE NEW AMERICAN

It is the only Sewing Machine which has a

SELF-THREADING SHUTTLE.

It Has Self-Setting Needle.

Never Breaks the Thread.

Never Skips Stitches.

Is the Lightest Running

The Simplest, Most Durable, and in Every Respect

The Best Family Sewing Machine

The "NEW AMERICAN" is easily learned, does not get out of order, and will do more  
work with less labor than any other machine. Illustrated Circular furnished on application.

AGENTS WANTED.

Knox, manager, Salesroom, 1216 Market St., San Francisco

S. N. DAVIDSON, Agent for Reno and Vicinity.

## C. C. HASTINGS &amp; CO.,

LICK HOUSE, SAN FRANCISCO,

For Twenty-five Years the Leading

CLOTHIERS

OF THE PACIFIC COAST.

Call Attention to their System of Self-Measurement, by  
which Men and Boys can supply themselves with Clothing, Linens, etc., with-  
out visiting San Francisco.

BLUE PILOT SUITS, \$21. 4-10-12-14-16-18-20-22-24-26-28-30-32-34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100-102-104-106-108-110-112-114-116-118-120-122-124-126-128-130-132-134-136-138-140-142-144-146-148-150-152-154-156-158-160-162-164-166-168-170-172-174-176-178-180-182-184-186-188-190-192-194-196-198-200-202-204-206-208-210-212-214-216-218-220-222-224-226-228-230-232-234-236-238-240-242-244-246-248-250-252-254-256-258-260-262-264-266-268-270-272-274-276-278-280-282-284-286-288-290-292-294-296-298-300-302-304-306-308-310-312-314-316-318-320-322-324-326-328-330-332-334-336-338-340-342-344-346-348-350-352-354-356-358-360-362-364-366-368-370-372-374-376-378-380-382-384-386-388-390-392-394-396-398-400-402-404-406-408-410-412-414-416-418-420-422-424-426-428-430-432-434-436-438-440-442-444-446-448-450-452-454-456-458-460-462-464-466-468-470-472-474-476-478-480-482-484-486-488-490-492-494-496-498-500-502-504-506-508-510-512-514-516-518-520-522-524-526-528-530-532-534-536-538-540-542-544-546-548-550-552-554-556-558-560-562-564-566-568-570-572-574-576-578-580-582-584-586-588-590-592-594-596-598-600-602-604-606-608-610-612-614-616-618-620-622-624-626-628-630-632-634-636-638-640-642-644-646-648-650-652-654-656-658-660-662-664-666-668-670-672-674-676-678-680-682-684-686-688-690-692-694-696-698-700-702-704-706-708-710-712-714-716-718-720-722-724-726-728-730-732-734-736-738-740-742-744-746-748-750-752-754-756-758-760-762-764-766-768-770-772-774-776-778-780-782-784-786-788-790-792-794-796-798-800-802-804-806-808-810-812-814-816-818-820-822-824-826-828-830-832-834-836-838-840-842-844-846-848-850-852-854-856-858-860-862-864-866-868-870-872-874-876-878-880-882-884-886-888-890-892-894-896-898-900-902-904-906-908-910-912-914-916-918-920-922-924-926-928-930-932-934-936-938-940-942-944-946-948-950-952-954-956-958-960-962-964-966-968-970-972-974-976-978-980-982-984-986-988-990-992-994-996-998-1000-1002-1004-1006-1008-1010-1012-1014-1016-1018-1020-1022-1024-1026-1028-1030-1032-1034-1036-1038-1040-1042-1044-1046-1048-1050-1052-1054-1056-1058-1060-1062-1064-1066-1068-1070-1072-1074-1076-1078-1080-1082-1084-1086-1088-1090-1092-1094-1096-1098-1100-1102-1104-1106-1108-1110-1112-1114-1116-1118-1120-1122-1124-1126-1128-1130-1132-1134-1136-1138-1140-1142-1144-1146-1148-1150-1152-1154-1156-



## MURDEROUS ASSAULT.

**Mechanics' Union Men Attempt to Kill Tom Clarke, Engineer of the V. & T. Express Train.**

**An Interview With Clarke on the Train—Full Particulars of the Affair.**

About a quarter-past 5 o'clock Sunday, in Virginia City, engineer Tom Clarke was murderously assaulted on D street, in front of the Sacramento saloon, near the corner of Union street. He was on his way to the express train, which leaves Virginia at 5:35, when the attack was made. Escaping from his assailants, Clarke ran down Union street to the station, and entered one of the railway offices. There was no outcry made by any one, but in a few minutes a crowd had gathered at the street corner and the excitement was intense. A piece of round, inch-bar iron, about eighteen inches long, had been dropped by one of the assassins, and was passed from hand to hand. No one knew just what had happened, but it was soon learned that Tom Clarke had been attacked by a gang of men and had narrowly escaped with his life. Charley Huff, in attempting to rescue him, had been stabbed in the abdomen with a brad-awl (some said, an ice-pick), but was able to walk away.

**THE NATURE OF CLARKE'S INJURIES.**  
The crowd soon moved down to the station, where the train was ready to pull out. Meantime a doctor had been sent for, and was attending to Clarke's injuries. He had received a blow on the back and side of the head, which had cut one of his ears almost entirely in two. There was no fracture, and the wound, though painful, was not dangerous. After his ear had been sewn up, and his head bandaged, Clarke came out on the platform and entered the smoking car, where the train at once pulled out, in charge of the fireman. Clarke remained composedly in the car, smoking a cigar, until the train reached Gold Hill, when he took charge of the engine, and ran it until the train arrived at Carson, where he remained for the night.

**CLARKE'S STATEMENT OF THE AFFAIR.**  
Interviewed by a GAZETTE reporter on the train, Clarke said that he was taken by surprise when attacked. Five or six men rushed at him as he passed the Sacramento saloon, and one of them struck him with an iron bar a blow on the head that knocked him down and made him almost insensible. Two or three of the men then jumped on him and kicked him. He managed to get on his feet, and breaking away from them, ran down to the station. He thinks the men did not follow him. Two of them had each an iron bar. He saw what appeared to be a large brad-awl in the hands of one. (It was probably with this instrument that Charley Huff was stabbed when he rushed in to help Clarke. Huff is a noted desperado and has served a term in the State's prison.—Rep.) When asked if he knew the men that attacked him, Clarke replied that he recognized only one of them, whom he knew by sight, but not by name, as a member of the Mechanics' Union. Clarke believes his assailants were all Union men, and that the attack was made upon him in consequence of his refusal to accede to the demands of that body.

It will be remembered that the Union gave Clarke notice last August, that he must either leave the road or join their organization. He refused to submit and their threat to kill him caused much excitement at the time. He has ever since remained on the road, saving a few weeks' vacation in September.

Tom Clarke is a brother of Gen. R. M. Clarke of Carson.

**Blue Ribbon Society at Huffaker's.**  
The Rev. Mr. Burkholder has organized a "Murphy Blue Ribbon Society" at Huffaker's school house. After the lecture forty-eight persons came forward and signed the pledge, many of them heretofore hard drinkers. The following officers were elected to serve the ensuing term: President, J. S. Tolles; first vice president, J. C. Haynes; second vice president, G. H. Lambirth; secretary, Alice Ede; treasurer, Mrs. A. M. Lamb.

**A. L. Ede, Secretary.**

**Clearly Not an Irishman.**  
Said an Irish waiter in a Virginia chop house, yesterday:  
"Back in Dublin, where I came from, we don't call the people there Irish. Thin Corkonians are reckoned the real Irish in the wild country."

**A Bonanza in Schiller.**  
A correspondent in Candelaria, Esmeralda county, writes that a bonanza has been struck in the Schiller mine, owned in Reno. S. and J. Simpson are running the mine.

**Close of the Argument Before the District Court—The Motion For Alimony and Suit Money—Variation of the Law—His Estimate of M. C. Lake's Income.**

A small attendance at the District Court last Saturday evening indicated that the Reform Club meeting was a greater attraction for the general public than the continuation of the argument in the Lake case.

Varian began by citing numerous authorities in support of the point that in law (as well as in matrimony) conjugal unkindness revives condoned offences, and in an action for divorce raised the right to review the whole married life of the parties. And setting aside the brutal acts of violence alleged to have been committed by the defendant previous to 1877, the language alleged to have been since used by him towards his wife was in itself sufficient cause of action. That language was such as no gentleman would apply to the most degraded of women, and it was language that the most depraved prostitute would resent. Such language revived in law the acts of cruelty that had been forgiven. The complaint alleges that defendant was accustomed to use towards plaintiff the most obscene and abusive language, and had repeatedly charged her with unchastity. The man who could ever so speak to his wife, would be likely to do it again, and the apprehension of such mental anguish as such treatment must occasion, must impair any woman's health, and is sufficient ground for divorce. In the words of a legal authority: "Most women would rather be struck dead at the feet of a husband than receive such an accusation from his lips."

Counsel pointed out that Mrs. Lake was seeking no notoriety in this action. She had not once appeared in the court room. She was in Franktown, nursing her sick children.

**WHAT IS CRUELTY IN LAW?**  
Varian referred to the fact that high English authorities had refused to give any definition of extreme cruelty, owing to the difficulty of legally defining it. He thought the best definition of it was one that he read from Bishop, to the effect that extreme cruelty is such conduct in one of the parties as makes it impossible for the other to properly discharge the various obligations of marriage. In England it has been held that "extreme cruelty must consist or result in bodily harm, although Lord Brougham had expressed a dissenting opinion. Under the old English law personal chastisement was, and perhaps is still, allowable. But in the United States, even in severe Massachusetts it has been held that where threats of personal violence had been used the wife was unsafe and entitled to a decree. From Butler vs. Butler, 1 Parson's Counsel read from a legal decision: "Whatever form ill treatment assumes, if it involves the health it is legal cruelty." He then referred in strong terms to the allegation of the complaint that the defendant had denied the paternity of his child.

**CONCERNING ALIMONY.**  
Varian went on to point out that a distinction must be drawn between the practice in states where permanent alimony is allowed, and in this where no such thing is known. Here, during the course of a suit, the wife is entitled to such alimony as would be sufficient to maintain her in a manner corresponding to her station in life, and her husband's means. The plaintiff is entitled to better accommodations than she can get in a seventh-rate boarding house. Defendant's income is ten or twelve thousand dollars a year, and plaintiff is entitled to one-third, one-fourth, or at least one-fifth that sum. He now allows her \$100 per month, an allowance which he has testified that he formerly made her as pin-money, to spend at her pleasure. On principles laid down by Bishop, plaintiff has as good, and as much right to the defendant's income as has he, himself.

**IN REGARD TO COUNSEL FEES.**  
Varian said that the prosecution of such cases for contingent fees must be condemned by the judicial mind, because to favor or to allow it, would be to encourage suits for divorce, and add to the sum of matrimonial miseries. He said that no such contract would be legally binding, whatever might be the issue of the case. If the suit failed, the husband would not be liable for such a contract made with the wife; nor, in case of success, could the wife be held to its performance. The \$5000 prayed for in the complaint, is not asked for in one lump, but is paid down immediately, but is put as a maximum, and is a low estimate of the probable expenses of the suit, in view of the fight that defendant is determined to make. The application is for a reasonable retaining fee, and for suit money. Counsel on both sides are agreed that this will be a leading case in Nevada. Varian then read from a volume of New York Reports, showing that counsel

had been allowed a fee of \$500 for arguing a case in the Supreme Court on appeal. In a Georgia case, where the husband's estate was valued at \$12,000, the same fee had been allowed. This closed the argument, and Judge Klug stated that he desired from counsel a minute of the leading authorities to which they wished to refer him. So many had been quoted that, with the press of work on his hands, he could not possibly find time to consult them all. Counsel agreed to hand him such memoranda, and the court adjourned.

## TWO MORE SUICIDES.

**A Man Blows His Brains out—And a boy Hangs Himself.**

The body of Giuseppe Gardella was found Sunday afternoon on the Virginia road, near Pete Dalton's place this side of Huffaker's. One hand tightly grasped a revolver of which one chamber was empty, and death had evidently been caused by a bullet wound in the head. The deceased was about thirty years old. He had been employed on his brother's ranch in Steamboat valley. Why he killed himself is not known. An inquest was in progress this afternoon at the court house.

A telegram received from Franktown Monday gives the following details of the shocking suicide of a young boy:

Louis Frey, aged 12, son of Joseph Frey, hanged himself this morning with a baling rope. He went on the side of a steep hill, made the rope fast, and then jumped to the end of the slack, breaking his neck instantly. His body was found an hour afterward. The cause was a quarrel with his brother about kindling wood.

**Not A Case of Suicide.**

A Franktown correspondent sends the following version of the death of the boy who was Monday reported to have committed suicide:

The fourth son of Joseph Frey, a prosperous and highly respected citizen of Franktown, was this morning found hanging to the limb of a small tree with about three feet or so of baling rope, near the out buildings of the family dwelling. The deceased, aged about ten years, was a boy of much promise, possessing great ability for his age, as well as a cheerful and buoyant disposition. His home and surroundings were as pleasant and agreeable as any in this or any other county. All that a kind father and loving mother with abundance could do, was always done to make home pleasant. At school Louis Frey, the deceased, never had the least jar with his teacher; but was noted for his studious habits and thirst for knowledge. If Mr. Frey had any child especially favored, it was Louis.

No cause or reason can be assigned for the sad event other than while at his usual studies and amusements he fastened the rope to the limb of a tree with a view to have a swing, an amusement not uncommon with him. The rope was noosed at the ends with sundry knots. A steep hill-side prevented his gaining a footing, and being alone, life was extinct before he was found. All his surroundings, his cheerfulness, his pleasant home; in short, all the facts forbid any other idea than accidental death.

His untimely end causes deep sympathy for the bereaved parents.

**A Corpse Among the Commissioners.**

The County Commissioners having refused to allow Coroner Jones any office rent, that officer felt compelled Monday to hold the inquest over the body of the Italian in the Commissioners' room in the court house. He was also obliged to have the corpse deposited there, that the jury might with certainty be enabled to determine the cause of death. This proceeding may not be entirely agreeable to the County Commissioners, but it is in the line of strict economy, and they should not complain. A Grand Jury committee was in session in the same room.

**N. S. A. M. & M. S.**

Monday evening the newly elected Trustees of the Agricultural Society met in the pavilion and elected M. C. Lake President, P. B. Comstock Secretary, and C. T. Bender Treasurer. There was no election for Vice President.

Chas. Knust's resignation as trustee was accepted, but the vacancy was not filled.

After levying an assessment of \$2 per share on the stock of the society, delinquent March 19, day of sale April 19, the Board adjourned to meet at the call of the President.

**The Reading Room Open.**

The Reform Club Reading Room is now open. The members determined to make a commencement with the best material at hand. The Club will decide at a meeting this evening upon the hours of opening and closing the room. It is an excellent beginning, and the institution should have everybody's aid. The room will be provided with newspapers, periodicals, etc., and made as comfortable and attractive as possible.

## THE ASSAULT ON CLARKE.

**The Story of an Eye-Witness—Clarke In Carson—The Union Denies Responsibility.**

The assault on engineer Clarke has occasioned considerable excitement along the line of the V. & T. railroad. It appears from the Virginia papers that the officers of the Mechanics' Union deny any responsibility for the outrage and state that the assault was not directed and is not approved by that body.

It is stated that after Clarke's wounds had been dressed he was about to get on the engine in Virginia but was stopped by a Union man named Fitzgerald, who, armed with a pistol, warned Clarke not to attempt to run the train. This is said to be the reason why Clarke rode to Gold Hill and a little beyond in the smoking car, although he did not speak of the occurrence when interviewed on the train.

Clarke is now at Carson, off duty, and though not laid up, is suffering from his wounds and the kicks he received from his cowardly assailants.

Charley Huff, an eye-witness of the attack, furnished the Virginia Chronicle with the following account of the affair:

"I was standing at the south corner of D and Union streets, in front of the Pioneer saloon, when I saw Clarke coming down Union street. He was walking along slowly, as usual, and didn't seem to be taking notice of anything in particular. As he reached the corner of D street a tall young man jumped off the hydrant in front of the Sacramento saloon, and struck him. I don't know who the young man was, but he had a red moustache and red side-whiskers. I think I would be able to recognize him if I saw him again. Tom backed the man out into the middle of D street, and while they were struggling together a little man with a cap on ran around behind Tom, and catching him by the right leg, threw him on his back on the ground. At this, another big man, with a black moustache that stood straight out, left the sidewalk, and running up to Clarke, began to kick him. Up to that time I thought the men were skylarking, as I did not at the time notice particularly who it was, and not a word had been spoken. When I saw that a fight was going on, I ran across to where the men had Clarke on the ground, followed by Jim McNally and Felix Donnelly. As we came up, the man with the big moustache ran away. I got hold of Clarke and raised him up, as I did so somebody struck me a heavy blow on the shoulder. The little man with the cap struck me in the left side at the same time with a carpenter's scratch-awl, the awl struck a rib and glanced up, penetrating the flesh about an inch and a half. The man with red side-whiskers still held Clarke by the coat. I made a pass at him and he let go. I turned Clarke around and took him to the sidewalk leading to the depot and told him to run, as I thought it was a put-up job to kill him, and that they were too strong for him. Tom started down the street and I turned around, but could not see any of the men who had attacked Clarke. By this time there were over a hundred men around us. I never saw a crowd gather so quickly. They seemed to come like fleas from every direction. Part of the crowd followed Clarke, but he got into the railroad office, and that was the last I saw of trouble. The whole thing didn't take more than half a minute."

**DISTRICT COURT—KING S. D.**

The following business has been transacted since our last report:

**Pacific Lumber and Wood Co. vs. M. Lippman**—Proceedings stayed until plaintiff gives bond for \$300 to pay cost.

**Geo. H. Fry vs. T. G. Logomoso**—Case dismissed, each party paying his own costs.

**Peter Dalton vs. Jas. Mayberry**—Motion set for hearing Jan. 20.

**Estate of J. J. and Isabella Woodworth, deceased**—Ordered that S. A. Ringo be appointed referee.

**The case of A. Charlebois vs. Jas. Mayberry** is still on trial.

**Free-For-All Dancing Club.**

An association called the Nevada Social Dancing Club has been formed in Reno. The object of the organization is simply to provide for a social dance once a week. The Club proposes to have a dance every Tuesday evening in the theatre, which any respectable person can attend. Tickets of admission will be sold for \$1. The first Club dance will come off next Tuesday evening.

Besides this club, another, strictly private, is being organized.

**Cattle Delivery.**

On Saturday evening 130 head of cattle from Pitt river were driven into town. They were sold by Weston Bros. to Carriock & Hayes of San Francisco. The contract was made some time ago at 5½ cents.

## CARSON LETTER.

**Carson Quill—Owen's Cure For Over-Population—A Joke or Two, and a Compliment.**

**EDITOR GAZETTE:**—Carson is still here; remains Capital; located in Eagle valley, as it has for some time, and that is about all that can be said at present. Dull; little news; less money; everyone blue and a few living in hope, some on faith; the remainder on charity—So, you see, the three Christian graces are firmly implanted here.

A certain class of our people have been somewhat wrought up lately by the lecture of Colonel Owen; A delicate subject to discuss in a family paper, and therefore will not enlarge. However, it might be well to go on record with the following:

**A BETTER PLAN.**

There is a man named Owen, Around the country goes, Who would check the increase of our population.

Every subject whom he collars, Has to first advance ten dollars, When he secretly imparts the information.

The plan no doubt is very fine, Yet there's an ancient law divine, That says, "Increase and multiply."

The fools are not all dead yet—I'm living, and so are a number of Carsonites, who eagerly thrust their ten dollar pieces into the willing hands of this apostle of the new dispensation, and in return received the full particulars of the Colonel's startling discovery—first binding themselves by an iron-clad agreement—"party of the first part, party of the second part," etc., never to divulge—I hope none of them will ever tell anybody, then the world will go on as usual.

I met an eccentric individual yesterday who actually prefers Reno to Carson. I argued with him and tried to alter his opinion, but it was of no use. He finally remarked, "My mind is made up. I visited Reno some time ago and became acquainted with the place. Last week I was there again and acquired a further knowledge of the town. Now it is a clear case of 'Re-know' with me." Haven't found out yet what he was trying to get at.

One of the sporting fraternity here, a leading gambler, was very sick a few weeks ago, and in view of the near approach of death, manifested great alarm. His friends remonstrated with him. "Why," said they, "why these fears? You are generally cool in the presence of danger." "Well," replied the sick man, "I don't know what it is, I have been a gambler all my life, and this is the first time I have shrunk from the 'hazard of the die.'"

In looking over to-day's mail, I noticed that the N. Y. Weekly Tribune, of Jan. 7th, has copied your little story about the boy who proposed to divide an orange with his sister, giving you proper credit for same. Native talent will make itself known. If these extracts are continued the N. Y. papers may in time become quite readable.

Regretting, in common with your reader, the length of this first communication, I remain, cheerfully yours,

**Carson, Jan. 17th, 1880.**

**Amateur Telegraph Operators.**

The boys are extending their telegraph line to Mr. Higgins' house. This association of amateur telegraphers is getting numerous. There are now five stations on the line. The line starts from the residence of the young expert Peacock, opposite the court house, thence it crosses the river to Grippen's, thence it runs to Shirley's, Webber's and Higgins'. Young Higgins is only waiting for instruments to be able to call on any of the girls in the magnetic circle, by telegraph. Who can estimate the amount of "tally" that slips over that wire!

**More Good Land Reclaimed.**

J. H. Slavan was in Reno Tuesday. He is the man engaged in building the big ditch from Argenta to Battle Mountain.

He went to Carson to locate land. J. C. Smyles, formerly of Reno, is his engineer. The ditch runs over a very favorable route and can be enlarged to any width at trifling expense. He can irrigate a very fine body of land and will be as great a benefactor to Battle Mountain as the men who built the railroad.

**A Leap-Year Party at Verdi.**

"Constant Reader" at Verdi informs the GAZETTE that the ladies of that place are getting up a leap-year dance, to be the great social event of the season. The contemplated supper is expected to "lay over by a sweeping majority" any of the toothsome feasts ever spread in Verdi. The date of the affair has not yet been announced.

**The Work of Rebuilding.**

The Railroad Company will not be able to rebuild any of the broken sheds this winter. As soon as spring opens they will tear down a great deal of old shed, and in the summer, and fall will rebuild it. This bids fair to make all the business the mills on the Truckee can handle, and will bring back the good old times to that thriving and go-ahead town.

## NOTHING WITHOUT WATER.

**What They Say About Lovelocks as to Raising Crops Without Irrigation.**

From our own Correspondent.

I have been taking evidence for the past two weeks on "will the land in this valley produce crops without irrigation?" The unanimous verdict is "It will not." One man tells me that he sowed very early and the melting of the snow that afterwards fell brought it up about six inches high, but soon the ground dried, and the hot sun scorched it all up. I think it would be hard to find an individual here who would risk anything in farming without a pretty certain supply of water. The short supply of water last season convinced farmers that they can do with less water than they had provisionally supposed possible. Some have gone on the principle that "if a little is good, more is better" and drowned everything out.

As an experiment Mr. Emmons sowed in the fall about one hundred acres of grain. But the question arises, will it not be in blossom just in time to be blasted by our heavy frosts? It will require the experience of several years, mixed with common sense and patience, to find out the best methods of farming in this valley.

In view of the fact that the prospect of a good supply of water is certain, farmers are preparing for the coming season with high hopes of a good yield. I hear that several good houses are to be built "if the crops turn out well." Teams are passing every day carrying materials to strengthen the dam above here.

The new freight depot is in use, and we now have a telegraph office, which is decidedly more convenient than sending to other stations.

**A. B. C.**

**Lovelocks, Jan. 19, 1880.**

**HARRY RICHARDSON.**

**His Body Not Yet Found—What is Known of the Missing Man.**

The body of Harry Richardson, who is believed to have drowned himself in the Truckee river, has not been discovered. Since his hat and coat were found on the river bank near Stevenson's farm at Glendale, last Friday evening, search has been made up and down the river, without success. Previous to his disappearance, Richardson had been on a spree for about ten days. At 2 o'clock on Friday morning he went to the bar of the Depot Hotel and asked the night clerk for a drink. Knowing the man's condition, the clerk denied his request, and also refused to loan him money, but offered him toast and coffee. Richardson, however, slipped out without taking anything, and so far as heard, that was the last seen of him.

N. J. Jaquish, who knew Richardson well, tells a GAZETTE reporter that he looked for him for hours on Friday, but could find no trace of him. The missing man had told him that he formerly lived at Pittsburg, Penn., for ten years or more, and that he was a native of Newcastle, England. Richardson had no family, and had not been in his native place for 16 years. He was about 33 years old. Although he had been living in Reno only since the fire of last March, Richardson was pretty well known. Previous to his last bender he had been sober for nearly two months. His friends think he must have been delirious at the time of his disappearance.

**Grand Army of the Republic.**

The effort to organize a post of the G. A. R. in Reno has been successful, and the following is the list of officers elected: P. C. A. Evans; S. V. C. S. A. Hamilton; J. V. G. T. F. Laycock; Q. M. Isaac Chamberlain; Surgeon, H. H. Hogan; Chaplain, W. R. Jewey; Officer of the Day, C. McGee; Officer of the Guard, G. W. Schmalz; Adjutant, W. L. Bechtel; Sergeant, Major R. R. Fox; Sentinel, Johnson and Palmer. The post has started with fourteen members, under the name of McPherson Post, No. 12. The membership will probably increase rapidly.

**A Life-Like Sketch.**

John Nicholas has executed a fine crayon sketch of Frank Mosher. He had only a small photograph to copy from, yet he succeeded in making a very good likeness. The picture is now at Osburn & Shoemaker's. Mr. Nicholas is prepared to do similar work to order.

**A Card of Thanks.**

I desire to return thanks for myself and family to the citizens of Reno, and the public in general, for the sympathy and respect shown to us in the hour of our affliction, and especially to the choir of the Methodist church for their services at the funeral of my boy.

**Two Organs.**

Regulate first the stomach, second the liver; especially the first, so as to perform their functions perfectly and you will remove at least fifteen-twentieths of all the ills that man kind is heir to, in this or any other climate. Hop Bitters is the only thing that will give perfectly natural action to these two organs.—Maine Farmer.



## DISAPPOINTMENT.

From the New York Sun.  
"Oh, give me, Mary," said young Fred.  
The while the maid was shyly laughing;  
He said no more, so great his dread  
Of the fair damsel's merry chaffing.  
He stroked his infantile moustache,  
While Mary tenderly was sighing;  
Again he made the venture rash—  
"Oh, dearest Mary, I am dying!"  
"For what?" she asked, with smiling fear,  
Her foolish heart now madly beating;  
"Oh," stammered Fred, "I'm dying, dear,  
To taste those peaches you are eating."

## NEWS ITEMS OF INTEREST.

During the excessive cold weather many Paris theatres closed their doors.

During last month seven "Opera Houses" were burned in Texas. They were built of pine boards.

Switzerland is this winter almost one mountain of snow; trains, boats, and telegraphs have been in a chronic state of interruption.

A pile of straw was left under a third-story window of the Louisville House of Refuge, and seven young girls escaped by jumping down to it.

In a lawsuit at Rushville, Ind., involving a question of paternity, a baby was put in evidence, in order to show its resemblance to the alleged father.

An aged woman at Calumet, Mich., fell down and died on seeing some men bring home the body of her grandson who had been killed by an accident.

James O'Brien is forty-one years old, has passed twenty-two years in Pennsylvania prisons, and has just been sentenced to ten more, all for robberies.

A sacrificial service by Mrs. Stewart, a religious fanatic at Castle Grove, Iowa, was interrupted just in time to save his little daughter.

The pastor of a Roman Catholic church at Greencastle, Ind., publicly reproved and discharged his choir because they had perpetrated a fraud in the raffling of a piano at a fair.

Boston has begun distributing soup to her poor from six depots, where fifty gallon kettles are kept full of what is thought to be a remarkably good article for public soup.

"Gulliver's travels" have been dramatized for the London Gaiety. Swift wrote Brobdingnag, but a printer's blunder made it Brobdingnag, and so it has remained to this day.

London now has, and apparently not before it was needed, a Society for preventing Street Accidents and Dangerous Driving, which, for the week ending Dec. 20, reported two killed and forty-five injured from this cause.

A rumrunner at Allegheny, Pa., suspected his barkeeper of pilfering; and got into the ice box, intending to keep a watch through a small spigot hole. He gained the desired information, but soon found himself suffocating. When taken out he was nearly dead.

A submarine diver was in the Grant procession at Philadelphia. He stood on a platform wearing his huge brass helmet, rubber suit, and heavy leaden plates. The weight was very burdensome in the air, though just the thing for water, and he has since died from the effects of it.

The tar got cold and hard while the mob were getting ready to punish James Gayton, at Warren, R. I. They were out of doors on a cold night, and no one had a match to light a fresh fire under the kettle. So they rolled the naked man in the snow until he was chilled almost to death, and let the outrage go at that.

Rumrunners frequently become temperance apostles, but Nelson J. Lee, after conducting temperance revivals throughout Pennsylvania for several years, lately opened a barroom at Erie, and is doing a thriving business. He announces a lecture on the subject of his change of conduct.

A beautiful Circassian girl, an educated pig and a Punch and Judy show were the attractions of the Great American and European Traveling Museum, which was lately at Lancaster, Pa. An alderman audaciously kissed the Circassian, whereupon her husband, who saw the indignity from behind the Punch and Judy curtain, came out and whipped the alderman terribly.

A dwarf donkey's love of beer is a source of revenue to an Indianapolis saloon keeper. The little beast stands or lies by the stove, ready to trot up to the bar and drink as often as invited. He usually gets pretty drunk before the night's dissipation is over, and in the morning, probably in consequence of a headache, bites and kicks at everybody who comes near.

Mori Arinori is a Japanese who has received an American education. *Kiyoji Hirono*, a newspaper published at the capital of Japan, assailed him as "a bigot of Western ideas," "a liker of strange things," and "a reader of the Bible." His chief offense in the eyes of the Japanese editor, however, is that just before starting as Minister to England he changed the spelling of Mori to Maury.

Two wealthy and respected young men of Memphis agreed to settle their dispute by duel with fists. The meeting was in a ring, with seconds and a referee, and the rules of prize fighting. There were seven rounds, each ending with the same fellow being knocked down; but finally a blow broke his antagonist's thumb, ending the fight with a nominal victory for the whipped pugilist, for the other would not come to time.

## NO DISCRIMINATION.

A correspondent writing to the *Record-Union* says:

"I have just been reading your article of December 10, 1879, on railroad regulation, which leads me to say something on the subject. The question arises, upon what principle can the State regulate the fares and freights? I can only see that it is upon exact justice to all. How can the State say that one man shall pay \$1 and another \$20 for a ride on the same road simply because he lives further away? Does not the Government convey a letter 3,000 miles for the same it conveys one mile? Do not the street cars in the city carry the whole length of the city for the same as one block? Does not the Government charge the same for land in the remote places, and for poor land, as it does for good land near a market? Also the State taxes all property at the same rate, according to value. Upon this principle the State, if it has the right or power to regulate fares and freights, should do it so that every man who got on a through line should pay the same, and every ton of freight should pay the same, making no difference at what point it was laid off. This would equalize the value of property, make the poor man's land the same value far away as the man's who was lucky enough to get land nearer a market, for his grain would fetch the same and his groceries would cost no more. Under such a system all the vacant land would be improved and the country villages would be large cities. The city would not be overrun with a surplus population, the whole country would be sending their surplus to market all upon equality. The theory is very simple and just. Let the State regulate the fares and freights upon a fair basis, that would pay the company a good profit and guarantee a certain rate of interest. The increase in revenue and transportation in five years would pay five or ten-fold to the State, even if she had to make up interest to the road. But she would not. The road would make more money, and her lands would come into market, and all be occupied, with a large increase of value. I throw this out for a hint to get you and the public thinking on the right side of the question."

## Edison as a Child.

From the Cleveland Voice.

Mr. Charles Park relates that when the now famous Edison was a young boy in Fort Gratiot, Mich., he delighted in frightening mothers and nurses by kidnapping children. One day he took a child into the woods and remained a whole day, while the distracted mother and sympathizing friends were scouring the country around, and dragging cisterns for the lost little one. When Mr. Park was a little child his father presented him with a miniature locomotive. Edison, who was then about 15 years old, heard of it, and made every effort to get it by teasing the nurse. Finally one day it very mysteriously disappeared, and its whereabouts could not be traced. In a few days Mrs. Edison called and brought with her the locomotive, in a disgruntled condition, however. Young Edison had taken it apart and was unable to put it together again. Mrs. Edison made profuse apologies for her eccentric son.

## The Result Surprised Them.

A young physician of Charlotte, N. C., had wandered heavily in a forthcoming fight. In order to give the fowl a little practice, he and a friendly clergyman obtained a big Shanghai rooster, clipped off his spurs and put him in a pen for the other to kill. The Shanghai was informed that he only had about two minutes to live, but he went at the gamecock with surprising confidence and vigor, and at the expiration of two minutes crowded over his dead body. The physician told his sorrow in plain words, but the clergyman expressed his feelings in a sermon on "The Vanity of Human Hopes."

## They Died Together.

Robert and Dennis Patterson, brothers at Huntsville, Ga., quarreled over the question of dividing some hogs that had just been killed. An immense kettle, full of very hot water, was at the edge of a platform on which they stood, to be used in scalding the hogs. Robert was a Methodist preacher, but that did not prevent him from getting furiously angry, and he threatened to throw Dennis into the kettle. Dennis challenged him to try, and he did. The two brothers struggled hard, and finally plunged into the water together, receiving scalds that killed them both.

Calcraft, the London hangman, who has just died, had a wonderful antipathy to reporters. He treated their presence in the preliminaries of the executions with as much brusqueness as he dared; and at a hanging in Newgate, just before he was leaving his "trade," he remarked to a distinguished member of the fourth estate, "I wish I had the stringing up of one of your beggars of reporters before I cluck it up." One occasionally meets with men of depraved tastes.

Colorado has uncommonly big avalanches this winter, and one of them covered a house with so much snow that the men inside were ten hours digging their way out.

## TRANSPLANTING TEETH.

The Operation Successfully Performed by a Chicago Dentist.

A Chicago dentist has recently transferred a grinder from the mouth of a pretty young lady to the corresponding office of a stupid, horrid man of middle age. This man was unwilling to wear a plate to support a single tooth, and the dentist suggested the transplanting of a molar from a living subject. Five weeks afterward there presented herself a young lady whose teeth were to many for her jaw. She could eat better than she could talk. One of her teeth was removed, placed in glycerine and kept at blood heat until the other patient could be summoned; and then it was transferred to his jaw and tied to the adjacent teeth. By the third day the doctor was satisfied, from the lack of inflammation and freedom from pain, that the operation would be successful. On the ninth day the ligatures were removed, and on the fourteenth the tooth was quite firm; from that time out it continued to grow firmer in its attachment to the jaw, until at the end of six weeks it was as useful as its neighbors. In color and size the matching was nearly perfect. The only difference between the transplanted tooth and the original one was in the shape of the roots; that of the latter was single, while the former had a double root, but the socket could hardly have been better fitted.

## Nestor Lived too Long for Him.

Joshua Nestor had saved a few thousand dollars by long and hard work as a farmer in Virginia, while his son-in-law, Gen. Webb, was dissolute and penniless. Webb was impatient to get the old man's money, through his wife's inheriting it; but Nestor, like his namesake of Homeric days, lived on and on, until he was eighty-six, and even then was hale and hearty. Webb, on the contrary, was ruining his health by dissipation, and it looked as though he would die first. To avert such an occurrence, he murdered Nestor, and it was for this crime he was hanged a few days ago.

## The Lie Given in Court.

Counselor Keneally remarked to Counselor White during the argument of a cause before a St. Louis court: "Your statement is essentially false." Counselor White replied to Counselor Keneally: "You are a wilful and deliberate liar." Two inkstands were quickly flung, blackening the faces and clothes of the learned gentlemen, who then clinched and fought until forcibly separated by the court officers. Judge Wickham fined them \$50 each, which they paid. They then went to the clerk's office, where they threw paper weights, books, heavy stamps and chairs at each other.

## Brave Little Maggie Geddes.

One of the life saving stations on the California coast has been officially named Maggie Geddes. This is a recognition of the bravery of Maggie Geddes of San Antonio. She is only 9 years old. Seeing a young playmate fall down a high embankment into a mill race, she instantly jumped after her. "The water was deep and ran swiftly toward a large wheel; but Maggie was a good swimmer, and by a desperate struggle got ashore with her playmate. Such coolness and courage was deemed worthy of special honor."

## The Old Man Was Right.

A father and daughter at Kansas City differed on the question of Henry Dunn's moral worth, the former holding that he was a rascal, and the latter as stoutly maintaining that he was a good man to marry. The father emphasized his opinion by shooting Dunn, and the daughter consistently married him as soon as he had recovered from his wound. But the father is at last triumphant, for the daughter has returned to him and acknowledged the soundness of his judgment, a few whippings by Dunn having changed her mind.

## Preparations for Grant.

CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 19.—The Government has ordered the celebrated Castle of Cuapulepec to be refitted for the reception of General Grant and party. The Castle is about two miles from the city, overlooking the entire Mexican Valley and the City of Mexico. A house is also being prepared in the city, to enable the party to alternate between town and country.

Reuben Boyce, a Texas stage robber, was in jail at Austin. His wife rode to the prison on a racehorse, and asked if she could take a basket of provisions into her husband's cell. Permission was given. The jailer, when he thought her visit had lasted long enough, opened the cell door; and ordered her out. Boyce came instead, brandishing a revolver that had been carried to him in the basket, and made his way to the fast horse, and rode away.

Miss Andrews, of Appleton, Wis., received from her father a check for \$8. She raised the figures to \$85, spent the money for finery, and said when arrested: "I didn't think there was any harm in doing as I pleased with my own papa's check."

## JEWELRY

\$75.00 worth for \$15.00. Solid Abyssinian Gold Watch FREE! FREE!

The above offer is genuine, although at first sight you would consider it impossible. We will explain: Since we first established our business here, March 1st, 1878, we have paid particular attention to the buying of Bankrupt and Auction lots of Jewels and Watches often buying at as low as one-tenth their value, and in no instance have we paid over one-third the manufacturers' price. Since starting we have always been able to dispose of these goods in Chicago and through our regular customers throughout the country at nearly regular prices, as fast as we could procure them; but owing to the large number of failures among the jewelry dealers and manufacturers throughout this and other countries during the months of June, July and August (the time when the jewelry business is stagnant) we have now on hand an immense stock of the most desirable goods we have ever handled, and which we have bought at lower prices than ever before. In order to dispose of this entire stock in the most speedy manner possible, and make room for new ones which we shall continue to buy, we have hit upon the following novel plan: We propose to give you a list of the most desirable of these goods, giving opposite each article its regular retail value, and sell to you at the rate of Five Dollars worth for \$1. For instance, on receipt of \$5 cts. we will send you, by express, any article the value of \$25.00; on receipt of \$1, articles to the value of \$5, and so on throughout the entire list. Below we give a list of the most valuable of these goods.

List of Jewelry at Wholesale Prices: Each  
Gent's New Style Scarf Rings or Pins... \$5c  
Sleeve Buttons, engraved or stone setting... \$5c  
Bosom Studs, engraved or stone setting... \$5c  
Round or Long Link Vest Chain and charm... \$5c  
or Ladies' plain, band, fancy stone or cameo Rings... \$5c  
Ladies' long or round fancy Bosom Pins... \$5c  
stone or engraved ear-drops to match... \$5c  
engraved and fancy Cuff Pins... \$5c  
Any three of the above articles will be mailed free on receipt of \$1.

Ladies' long new style Vest Chain and charm... \$1.45  
Sleeve Buttons and pins, new styles and extra fine... \$1.45  
heavy set stone and fancy Scarf Rings... \$1.45  
or Ladies' cameo, amethyst and onyx Sleeve Buttons... \$1.45  
or Ladies' long opera and guard chains... \$1.45  
Ladies' long and very fancy cuff pins... \$1.45  
extra finished onyx, amethyst and engraved pins... \$1.45  
extra finished onyx, amethyst and engraved cuff buttons... \$1.45  
long opera or guard chains... \$1.45  
fancy neck chains and charms... \$1.45  
Any six of the above articles will be mailed free on receipt of \$2.

Gent's solitaire or cluster Australian diamond pins... \$1.90  
single stone Australian diamond studs (3)... \$1.90  
heavy large solitaire Australian diamond, single stud... \$1.90  
fine finished long link vest chain and charm... \$1.90  
Ladies' cameo, onyx and amethyst glove buttons... \$1.90  
Ladies' long opera and guard chains, very heavy... \$1.90  
Australian diamond and car studs... \$1.90  
fancy pins and car drops... \$1.90  
stone and fancy pattern studs (3)... \$1.90  
massive solitaire stud... \$1.90  
Any ten of the above articles will be mailed free on receipt of \$5.

All of this jewelry is of a good quality, but, of course, the quality depends greatly on the price; for instance, the \$15.00 quality are of a much finer quality and finish, besides being heavier than the \$5c. ones.

TO AGENTS: For the benefit of parties wishing to act as agents for the above goods, we make the following special offer: On receipt of a \$15.00 order for our Jewelry, as per above offer, we will send the goods ordered, and make the party getting up the club a present of any one of the following watches: 1 Pure Abyssinian Gold hunting-case Geneva watch. 1 Pure Abyssinian Gold open-face Geneva watch. 1 Pure Abyssinian Gold stem-winding watch illuminated dial, by which you can tell the time in the darkest night. 1 Pure Abyssinian Gold hunting-case Geneva watch.

Any of these four watches will be sent alone for \$5.00, or the watch and either a Gent's heavy Abyssinian Gold vest chain and charm, or a Ladies' solid Abyssinian Gold long opera or opera chain for \$8. Agents who cannot send the full \$15.00 at once can send small orders as they procure them, and when said orders shall have amounted to \$25.00 we will send the watch with our FURTHER OFFER.

Read What the Chicago Press Say of Us, and Send in Your Orders. The Sentinel of Chicago, Sept. 9, says: "We call the attention of our readers to the new advertisement of the Inventors' Agency, No. 116 E. Washington Street, Chicago. What the Inventors' Agency agrees to do, they will do. The Sentinel has advertised for the convenience of its readers, and has not yet to hear of the first complaint against it."

The Chicago Express, Sept. 3, says: "The attention of readers is called to the advertisement of 'The Inventors' Agency' office and rooms located at 116 E. Washington St., Chicago. From personal inquiry and the recommendation of the city press, we think our friends can do no better when wanting goods of this line. Give them a trial."

The American Stockman, Sept. 11, says: "We believe this institution perfectly sound and responsible, and consequently persons need have no hesitation about sending for what they desire."

As to our responsibility we also refer you to the following firms: Blongren Bros., 162 & 164 So. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.; Miller, Wagner & Umbdenstock, 119 So. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

Before Ordering, Read the Following: All sums of money to the amount of \$1.00 or over should be sent by Registered Letter. Money Order or Draft on New York or Chicago. We will hold ourselves personally responsible for any money sent as above directed. All orders under \$10.00 strictly cash. On order of \$10.00 or over, \$5.00 must accompany the order, and balance, when desired, will be collected on delivery, but no goods will be sent C. O. D. to a greater distance than 500 miles. Any money received for these goods after the stock is exhausted will be immediately returned. Postage stamps will be taken the same as cash in any amount less than \$1.00. If on receipt of goods you are not perfectly satisfied, return them immediately in good order, and we will refund your money. Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Jewelry, Novelties, and New Inventions sent free on application.

AGENTS WANTED. Address plainly—THE INVENTORS' AGENCY, J. A. KINSMAN, Prop., 116 E. Washington St., CHICAGO, ILL.

spensible for any money sent as above directed. All orders under \$10.00 strictly cash. On order of \$10.00 or over, \$5.00 must accompany the order, and balance, when desired, will be collected on delivery, but no goods will be sent C. O. D. to a greater distance than 500 miles. Any money received for these goods after the stock is exhausted will be immediately returned. Postage stamps will be taken the same as cash in any amount less than \$1.00. If on receipt of goods you are not perfectly satisfied, return them immediately in good order, and we will refund your money. Illustrated Catalogue of Watches, Jewelry, Novelties, and New Inventions sent free on application.

AGENTS WANTED. Address plainly—THE INVENTORS' AGENCY, J. A. KINSMAN, Prop., 116 E. Washington St., CHICAGO, ILL.

## THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY

Is a never-failing Cure for Nervous Debility, Exhausted Vitality, Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Lost Manhood, Impotency, Paralysis, and all the terrible effects of Self-Abuse, youthful follies, and excesses in mature years—such as Loss of Memory, Lassitude, Nocturnal Emission, Aversion to Society, Dimness of Vision, Noises in the Head; the vital fluid passing out of the urine, and many other diseases that lead to insanity and death.

DR. MINTIE will agree to forfeit Five Hundred Dollars for a case of this kind the VITAL RESTORATIVE E under his special advice and treatment will not cure, or for anything impure or injurious found in it. DR. MINTIE treats all Private Diseases successfully without mercury. Consultation free. Thorough examination and advice, including analysis of urine, \$2.00. Price of Vital Restorative, \$3.00 a bottle, or four times the quantity, \$10.00; sent to any address upon receipt of price, or C. O. D., secure from observation, and in private name if desired, by A. E. MINTIE, M. D.

11 Kearney Street, San Francisco, Cal.

DR. MINTIE'S KIDNEY REMEDY, NEPHRETICUM, cures all kinds of Kidney and Bladder Complaints, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Leucorrhea. For sale by Osburn & Shoemaker druggists; \$1.00 a bottle, six bottles for \$5.00.

DR. MINTIE'S DANDELION PILLS are the best and cheapest of DYSPEPSIA, and BILIOUS cure in the market. For sale by Osburn & Shoemaker. Jan 1-ly-d&w

## PIKE &amp; YOUNG,

Manufacturers of Fine Carriages, Buggies, Stage Wagons, Thoroughbraces, Express, Side-Spring and Freight WAGONS.

Work on hand and done to order. Repairing done promptly. Fire-proof Buildings, Cor. Fourth and I Sts. SACRAMENTO CITY, CAL.

Established in 1850.

## BOOKS!

ROBERT CLARKE & CO., Cincinnati attention to Mail Orders for books and stationery. Their Catalogues and Monthly Bulletin of New Books will be found very convenient in selecting books to purchase, especially to persons living at a distance from large bookstores.

VALUABLE CATALOGUES. The following are sent on the price of ten three-cent stamp each. Agriculture.—Horticulture, Floriculture, Stock, Fruit, and Poultry. Architecture.—Building, Carpentry, Ventilation, etc. Bohn's Libraries.—With Classified Index. Education.—Science of Teaching, Kindergarten, etc. Engineering.—Mining, Mechanics, Manufacturing, etc. Fine Art.—Drawing, Painting, Sculpture, Ceramics, etc. Juvenile.—Books for the Young; sets and single volumes. Law.—Short Title List, arranged by Authors' Names. Law.—Catalogue of Old, Rare and Valuable Law Books. Medical.—Short Title List, arranged by Authors' Names. Pharmacy.—For Druggists. Periodicals.—American and British. Political Economy.—Finance, Legislation, etc. School.—Text Books for Schools and Colleges. Stationery.—For Engineers, Bankers, Merchants, etc. Theology.—Classified by Subjects. Monthly Bulletin of New Books.

The following are sent only on receipt of the price: Americans.—General and Local History, Travels, Biography, etc.; 326 pages; price 50c. General Catalogue of Choice Books for the Library, Classified; 350 pages; 12mo; price 25c. Law.—Digest of law publications, reports, etc.; 220 pages. 12mo. Price, 25c. Medical.—Classified Catalogue of American and British Medical and Surgical Books, Periodicals, Transactions, etc.; 244 pages. 12mo. Price, 25c. Letters of inquiry meet with prompt attention.

ROBERT CLARKE & CO., Publishers and Booksellers, Cincinnati, Ohio.

HALL'S PULMONARY BALM PRICE 50 Cts

AN IMMEDIATE AND PERMANENT CURE FOR Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Influenza, Catarrh, Loss of Voice, Incipient Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Ask for the California Pulmonary Balm, and take no other.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

nov 3 d&w-mo

## CINCHONA RUBRA

A Sure Cure For

DIPSOMANIA.

PEOPLE WHO ARE COMPELLED TO Drink against their will.

Should Lose no Time

IN CONSULTING

Either in person or by Letter

DR. R. D'UNGER,

Palmer House,

Chicago, Illinois,

Has already attained a

WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION

—BY ITS—

Wonderful Cures.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR

All Nervous Diseases Treated.

Address DR. R. D'UNGER, Palmer House, Chicago, Illinois, Jan 12

THE CHICAGO FIELD

THE AMERICAN

Sportsman's Journal,

And Recognized Authority

ON ALL SPORTING MATTERS

DEVOTED TO

THE DOG, GUN, RIFLE,

And All Legitimate Sports of the Field.

EACH NUMBER ILLUSTRATED.

A WEEKLY CHRONICLE OF ALL SPORTING EVENTS.

One Year..... \$4.00

Six Months..... 2.00

Three Months..... 1.00

Clubs of Three, One Year..... 9.00

Specimen Copies sent on receipt of Ten cents

Published so as to reach Subscribers every Saturday.

CHICAGO FIELD PUBLISHING CO.,

Proprietors,

150 and 157 Dearborn Street, CHICAGO, ILL.

N. ROWE, (Mohawk) Editor and Manager.

aug 11

THE ARGONAUT,

A POLITICAL, SATIRICAL AND SOCIETY Journal, published every Saturday at 222 California Street, San Francisco, by the Argonaut Publishing Co.

Frank M. Pixley, Editors.

Frank M. Somers, Editors.

The Argonaut is essentially a California publication—bright, breezy of the Pacific, and a medium of the good thing of current literature. Sent post-paid to any address on receipt of \$4. the yearly subscription price.

THE ARGONAUT PUBLISHING CO.,

222 California Street, San Francisco, Ca

Wanted

AGENTS FOR OUR BIBLES! Contain- ing Old Testament Concordance, and over 200 Illustrations with all the New Features. Also for Literature, art and song, with over 400 engravings. Bibles for parents, and literature, art and song for the young people. Circulars and terms sent on application to J. H. CHAMBERS & CO., St. Louis, Mo. dec 11-4t



# NEWS ITEMS OF INTEREST.

In eleven years the London Gayety Theatre has only been closed eleven nights.

Snow-shoeing is the popular pastime now with the people who live in Sierra Valley.

On the 25th, Christmas day, the thermometer in Manitoba stood 58 degrees below zero.

At the recent mask ball at Colusa one lady appeared as the *Journal*, covered with Harts, and another as the *Sun*, trimmed with Greens.

At Konigsberg, in Prussia, there are 800 maid servants out of situations, having been dismissed by their masters for the sake of economy.

A man who was enabled to come from India to Hudson, N. Y. through the loan of \$200 by a brother, has eloped with that brother's daughter.

An actress in the company of the Philadelphia Chestnut Street Theatre resigned rather than sing *Ophelia* verses, some of which are usually omitted in the performances of "Hamlet."

Executions continue in the palace of King Thebau of Bernuiah. Five princesses were recently murdered on suspicion of being in correspondence with Prince Nyongyan.

To give an idea of the ravages of diphtheria in southern Russia, it may be mentioned that in the one province of Pultava about 7,000 persons have died in each of the past three years.

Says the *Truckee Republican*: The recent cold spell froze to death large numbers of wild animals. Parties in from the woods report finding many dead hare and other wild game.

In Montana the Gallatin has frozen over near its confluence with the Missouri, so that it will admit of trains crossing. This has occurred but two or three times in eighteen years.

At Grass Valley, on Jan. 11, Billy Willis and Sam Blight had a misunderstanding. The former was struck by an ice-pick, fracturing his skull. Recovery doubtful.

The birthdays of famous authors are observed in the public schools of Cincinnati. Brief addresses on the life and works of the person in question, are given, with recitations and essays by the pupils.

The three most attractive actresses in America, rating them by the money they draw, are to play simultaneously in the Borton theatres next month. They are Lotta, Neilson and Anderson.

In Queensland, Australia, the splendid wheat crop has had, in many cases, to be cut for fodder, by reason of the rains. The colonies are thus distressingly sympathetic with the mother country.

Four children of Jacob Strauss, who lives near Little River, Mendocino county, were poisoned week before last by eating the leaves or berries of a wild plant. One died, two may recover.

On New Years day a daughter of George Matts, of San Luis Obispo county, was playing in a field where men were burning mustard. In some way the clothing of the little girl caught fire. She was badly burned, and lived but four days.

The Leicester (English) *Journal* says that "Pinafore" is being played and sung in New York by a troupe of Sioux Indians, and that a great tobaccoist of our city had offered a box of the finest Havanas to any one who had never heard or sung "Little Buttercup."

The duty on salt in Russia brings to the state treasury \$15,500,000 yearly. Now the Russian press advocates the abolition of the salt duty, as it falls chiefly on the poorest classes, and serves rather to depress than increase the national welfare.

The population of our globe, estimated at about 1,300,000,000, is ruled by 12 emperors, 25 kings, 47 princes, 17 sultans, 12 khans, 6 grand dukes, 6 dukes, 1 vice-king, 1 nizam, 1 radia, 1 imam, 1 bey, and 28 presidents, besides a large number of chiefs of wild tribes. Of the republics, 19 are found on American soil, leaving only 9 for the rest of the world.

When the Rev. D. Jacobs Ide was ordained pastor of a church at Medway, Mass., sixty-three years ago, his health was so bad that it was supposed he would die within a few months; but he survived until last Monday, attaining the age of 95. Out of the 800 members of his original congregation, he conducted the funeral services of all except one.

Railroad companies usually carry travelling show companies at half or two-thirds the regular rate. This concession has been taken advantage of in the West, by the agent of a small dramatic party, in a peculiar manner. He would go to the passenger agent, and buy fifty tickets at the reduced price, claiming he had that number of persons in his organization, but there were really only fifteen, and he sold the other thirty-five tickets to "scalpers" at a sufficient profit to get his own people carried free.

General Garfield.

The man who is to take Senator Thurman's place March 4, 1881, was born in Cuyahoga county in 1831.

He was appointed by Gov. Dennison, Colonel of the 42nd regiment of Ohio volunteers, and made Brigadier General by President Lincoln in 1862; selected by Rosecrans in the following year as Chief of Staff, and promoted to a Major Generalship for gallantry at Chickamauga.

## She Kissed the Wrong Man.

The wrong man was kissed again at a Rochester railroad station. He was an old and unsuspecting traveler, and the girl was a fashionable and respected resident of the city. It was dark, and she mistook him for her father. What ensued is described by the *Democrat*: "With more than the usual demonstrations displayed on such occasions, she threw both arms about his neck and imprinted several sound kisses upon his face. The startled old gentleman pushed her gently and said in a smothered tone, 'some mistake, some mistake.' She sprang back like a frightened fawn. 'Oh, I thought you were father. You'll excuse me, won't you?' 'Certainly,' said the old boy, smiling, but you—you nearly smothered me.' She afterwards found her papa, but the previous effort had exhausted her, and she merely gave him a cold sort of a meeting house kiss.

## Game In Norway.

Norway must be a sort of sportsman's paradise. Among the game which his gun can bring down are the tydder, roer, ryper, and jerper, which are sufficiently outlandish to English ears. The tydder is the bird known of old in Scotland by the name of capercaillie. The roer is a noble bird, of the size of a turkey cock, with a bill and claws of great strength. The roer is the female, and in size, plumage, and appearance so different from the male that it has received a different name. The ryper is the Scottish ptarmigan, but larger and better clothed. The jerper is a delicate bird for the table, of the grouse species, and about the size of a full grown pigeon. Woodcocks are also abundant and of delicious flavor.

## How the Swiss Treat Tramps.

Laws for the suppression of mendicancy are strictly enforced in Switzerland. Relief is refused to the idle and dissipated, and the property of spendthrifts may be seized and administered for their benefit, while they are placed under official guardianship, should there seem any likelihood of their coming to want. On the other hand orphans are assisted in every possible way. About 5 per cent of the members of the Commons are annually relieved at their cost. A recent return proves that pauperism is not more widely prevalent in Roman Catholic than in Protestant cantons.

## What They Say In Oregon.

The *Oregonian* publishes an interview with 123 prominent Republicans of Portland, Oregon, taken at random from all classes, relative to their preferences for the Presidential candidate. The result shows: Blaine, 62; Grant, 14; Sherman, 13; Washburne, 5; Hayes, 3; no choice, 22; scattering, 4. Interviews with 75 prominent Democrats as to their choice was: Tilden, 20; Bayard, 15; Field, 4; Seymour, 4; Garcelon, 2; scattering, 8; no choice, but favoring the nominee of the convention, 16.

## Sheep Frozen In Oregon.

A correspondent of the *Oregonian* at Rockville, Wasco county says: The mercury ranges from 10 to 20 degrees below zero. We lost 70 head of sheep, mostly old ewes and late lambs, frozen to death. One of our neighbors has lost his entire band and his herder. They have been gone three days. They were seen the day before the storm began between Roc Springs and Beasley's horse corral. There have been several parties out looking for the missing man, but no tidings of his whereabouts have been obtained.

## Pork-Packing In California.

Says the *Bakersfield Californian*: Messrs. Haggin and Carr have it under consideration to construct a large pork-packing establishment and cooling-house on the Cotton Ranch, with a capacity of hanging 1,500 hogs. In connection with this, they propose to operate a patent ice manufactory, which will serve the double purpose of securing a frigid temperature at all seasons, and of furnishing ice to our citizens.

## Against the Third Term.

From Harper's Weekly. There are very many Republicans, especially of German birth, who suspect everything which seems to point to imperialism.

## A Tarry Truism.

From the New York Sun. Birds of feather a flock together; Grant, Robeson, Babcock.

## Many Fine Engravings.

Price \$1.25 a year; five copies for \$5. Sixty copies sent for 10 cents; 3 trials copies for 25 cents. A beautiful work of 100 pages. One colored flower plate, and 100 illustrations, with descriptions of the flowers and vegetables, with prices of seeds and how to grow them. All for a five cent stamp. Issue Nov. 20th. In English or German. James Vick, Rochester, N. Y.

**\$300** A MONTH guaranteed. \$12 a day at home made by the Indians. Capital not required. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls make money faster at work for us than at anything else. The work is light and pleasant, and such as anyone can go right at it. Those who are wise who see this notice will send me their addresses at once and see for themselves. Costly outfit and terms free. Now is the time. Those already working are laying up large sums of money. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. nov13-1mo

# Dollars and Sense!

Would you have a few dollars to make smooth old age, save as you go along by getting full value for your money, don't be humbugged by any

one, patronize home industry if you can do as well, but buy no man's friendship, remember no friend is as true as a dollar or two. We are merchants and in pursuit, as well as you, of the Almighty Dollar—if we have our follies we claim our virtues—We claim the honor of being the house that broke the chain of high prices on the Pacific Coast. We first adopted the style of business of marking all goods in plain figures and treating everybody's dollar alike, placing all on an equal footing. Selling strictly for cash at

## One Price.

From a small beginning we have grown to men's size. We now have three Stores in Sacramento, 706, 714 and 716 J Street, established agents in New York, Boston, Chicago and San Francisco, connections with all the leading manufacturers of the East and facilities for obtaining goods at the lowest market prices, unrivaled by none.

Full and complete lines of Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Furnishing Goods, Jewelry and Notions, Millinery, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Clothing, Etc.

We Manufacture certain lines of goods adapted to coarse wear on this Coast, Overcoats, Jumpers, Shirts, Lines of Boots and Shoes. Our whole stock kip boots, two solid soles, warranted, \$3.25. Our hob nailed boots \$3.75. Our Whole stock kip brogan \$1.35. Our ladies calf shoes and many others. We have goods of all grades, the solid substantial goods for the working classes and the finest grades for those on whom fortune has smiled.

Some time ago we reorganized our Country Order Department and have now a corps of men sufficient to attend to all orders on the day received. We are sending goods daily the length and breadth of the Coast at the same ONE Price they are retailed over the counters. We issue twice a year a price list of 60 pages, giving description and price of all kinds of goods. Our new price list will be out about Christmas. Send for one, FREE to all, also samples of goods.

Address,

# RED HOUSE,

Sacramento, Cal.

## Ten Dollar Monthly Installments

—FOR FIRST CLASS—

# PIANOS!

At Smith's Piano and Organ Warerooms,

200 Pos Street, cor. Dupont,

San Francisco, California.

# PROPERTY OWNERS

To insure good material, stipulate in all your Contracts for Painting that nothing shall be used except C. T. Reynolds & Co's Pure Paints and Oils.

Painters who use C. T. Reynolds & Co's Paints and Oils do the BEST AND CHEAPEST WORK, because PURE MATERIAL GOES FURTHER, LOOKS BETTER, and LASTS LONGER than any other.

## SEWING MACHINE

HEADQUARTERS.

General Agency for the

**WHITE, NEW HOME, CROWN, FLORENCE, PEERLESS, VICTOR.**

Improved WEED, Improved HOME SHUTTLE, And other leading kinds. ATTACHMENTS AND NEEDLES FOR ALL MACHINES.

Persons desiring Business, Dealers and all others wishing the very best and latest improved Sewing Machines, at BED-ROCK PRICES, should send for Circulars and Terms to

**SAMUEL HILL,** 634 Market St., opposite Palace Hotel, SAN FRANCISCO.

OSBURN & SHOEMAKER, "White" Agents Reno, Nevada. sept18-1mo

## \$1500

\$5000 A YEAR, or \$5 to \$10 a day in your own locality. No risk. Women do as well as men. Many make more than the amount stated above. No one can fail to make money fast. Any one can do the work. You can make from 50 cents to \$2 an hour by devoting your evenings and spare time to the business. Nothing like it for money making ever offered before. Business pleasant and strictly honorable. Besides, if you want to know all about the best paying business before the public, send us your address and we will send you full particulars and private terms free; samples worth \$5 also free; you can then make up your mind for yourself. Address GEO. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. nov13-1y

## \$66

A WEEK in your own town, and no capital risked. You can give the business a trial without expense. The best opportunity ever offered for those willing to work. You would try nothing else until you see for yourself what you can do at the business we offer. No room to explain here. You can devote all your time or only your spare time to the business, and make great pay for every hour that you work. Women make as much as men. Send for special private terms and particulars, which we mail free. \$5 outfit, free. Don't complain of hard times when you have such chance. Address H. HA you & CO., Portland, Maine. nov13-1mo

## FITS

CURED PROMPTLY AND PERMANENTLY. I send a bottle of my celebrated remedy, with a valuable treatise on this disease, free to all sufferers who send me their P. O. and Express address. Dr. H. G. Root, No. 183 Pearl St., New York. nov17-1mo

BRICKELL.

W. H. KRUGER.

# TRUCKEE LUMBER CO

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

## Rough and Clear Dressed Lumber,

RUSTI AND BEVEL-EDGED SIDING,

LATH, SHINGLES, PICKETS,

ETC.....ETC.

Doors, Windows, Out and Inside Blinds, Door and Window Frames, Brackets, Balusters, Scroll Posts, Moulding, Screen Doors, etc. Mill Work, Scroll Sawing and Turning, done to order, and estimates on work furnished. Double and Single Thick American Window Glass in lots from one pane to a car load.

## PACKING AND FRUIT BOXES

A Specialty.

IN OUR

# FURNITURE

DEPARTMENT

Will be found constantly on hand and for sale at lowest rates:

Bedroom Sets, Bedsteads, Tables,

Desks, Cribs, Meat Safes, Book Cases

ate patterns manufactured from the best material and finished in the most artistic manner.

AT OUR

## SUPPLY STORE

We are constantly receiving and have for sale Millmen's Supplies such as Rubber and Leather Belting, Lace Leather, Belt Studs, Rivets, Files, Lubricating Oil, etc. Also a full supply of

Plain and Fancy Groceries, Choice Tea, Coffee and Tobacco, Crockery, Common Clothing, Boots and Shoes.

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Coal Oil of different brands, also plain and fancy Soap from the celebrated Standard Soap Company, and other manufacturers.

AGENTS FOR LIVERPOOL, LONDON AND GLOBE COMPANIES.

BRICKELL & KRUGER.

ESTABLISHED 1858.

ESTABLISHED 1858.

FALL AND WINTER 1879.

S. J. NATHAN & CO., LEADING CLOTHIERS.

No. 301 303 and 305 K St., N. E. Cor. Third Street

Respectfully announce to their customers and the public generally, that their assortment of

Fall and Winter Clothing

Is complete and will be kept so through the Season. Novelties in cut and fabric are constantly being added. Their stock is the Largest in the City and comprises every grade of goods, from the lowest to the highest, being adapted to the wants of every section of this Coast.

WE CERTAINLY HAVE THE INSIDE TRACK.

We have our own Wholesale House in San Francisco and our own Factory in New York, under the personal supervision of our Mr. S. J. Nathan, the Chief Clothier. Their facilities enable us to sell goods at lower prices than any other House on this Coast.

Youths and Boys Clothing

In great variety to which we invite Special Attention. We are headquarters for

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

in Trunks Satchels, etc. We show the largest stock of any house on the Coast. Hats and Caps we only import direct, and none but the very latest styles.

In view of the above facts we have great confidence in soliciting your favors.

S. J. NATHAN & CO.,

No. 301, 303 and 305 K St., N. E. Cor. Third, Sacramento

Orders from the Country solicited.

nov6-2mo

## H. WACHHORST,

THE

THE LEADING JEWELER OF SACRAMENTO

Keeping the finest kind of goods at the lowest prices. Also, in receipt of new goods daily direct from the factories, hence my customers receive the benefit of buying from first hands. On hand the most beautiful assortment of Ladies' and Gents'

Elgin and Waltham Watches and Chains.

Great Reduction from former prices. Country orders promptly attended to. Repairing in all its branches neatly done.

SIGN OF THE TOWN CLOCK,

79 J Street, between Third and Fourth, Sacramento.

July 17